Morning Oregonian.

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The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 87½ cents a week. Single copies, 12½ cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $3 for three months. Liberal rates.

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Ten Years Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully for or by mail or allow to the climate.

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NOTARY PUBLIC & CONVEYANCER,
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Will attend to Adjusting Accounts, Posting Books, Making up Accounts of Income in accordance with Internal Revenue Laws, Collecting Rents or Accounts, Pleading Legal and other documents, &c. &c. Will also practice in Rock Pamphlet.
The patronage of the public respectfully solicited.
fe28dtf

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GREAT REDUCTION ON FREIGHT
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WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 1ST, 1866, UNTIL further notice, our rates for FAST FREIGHT will be as follows:

From Portland to Boise City.....25 cents per pound.
" " " Idaho City.....38 " " "
" " " Ruby City.....40 " " "

Portland, Dec. 1, 1866. jy31dtf
WELLS, FARGO & CO.

JOHN HAILEY & CO'S
PIONEER LINE OF
Concord Coaches!
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS and
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LEAVES UMATILLA EVERY MORNING AT 8 o'clock for Idaho City and all intermediate points.
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and JOS. PINKHAM, Agent.
fe21dtf

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Montana Stage Line!
BETWEEN
WALLULA AND PEND D'OREILLE LAKE
CONNECTING WITH THE LAKE BOATS.
Carrying W., F. & Co.'s Letter Express.

A CONNECTION WILL BE MADE from the terminus of the Lake Boats on Clarke's Fork to Missoula, (whence Stages run to all the principal parts of Montana,) as soon as the roads are open for travel.

Mr. W. C. PAINTER is now on the ground to perfect the arrangement.

A Thorough-Brace CONCORD COACH leaves Wallula EVERY WEDNESDAY for the Lake.

TIME—THREE DAYS.

FARE $20.

FAST FREIGHT—Ten Cents per lb.

The Line runs direct from Wallula to the Lake, via the Waschena road, which reduces the distance to 170 miles from Lewiston, the old circuitous route, and enables the trip to be made in three days.
ap26dtf ALVAN FLANDERS, Agent.

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GRANITE AND OLIVE CREEK
AIR LINE!
LEAVES
UMATILLA
EVERY
Alternate Morning
For the above named points.
N. B. FARRONS,
Proprietor.

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FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Umatilla, Oregon.
WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THEIR Friends and the Public, that they will have completed by March 1st, 1867, a large (40 by 60)
Store warehouse
For the storage of freight.
Goods will be received, forwarded and stored at owners' risk; freights advanced, and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business, strictly attended to.
jan1dtf FRANKENTHAL & HAAS.

NOTICE.
FORWARDING
AND
Montana and Idaho!
FREE OF CHARGE!
BY
M. AINSA, JR., Merchant,
UMATILLA, OREGON.
Mark Goods care of M. A., Umatilla. se8dtf

JOHN R. FOSTER,
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANT,
UMATILLA, OREGON.
GOODS RECEIVED AND FORWARDED TO ALL points of the MINES IN OREGON, IDAHO AND OWYHEE, and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to.
Consignments of Goods solicited.
References:
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San Francisco.
Mark Goods care of J. R. F., Umatilla.
aug3dtf

FLANDERS & FELTON,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WALLULA, W. T.
PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO RECEIVING and Forwarding Goods to all parts of the Mines in Washington and Idaho Territories; also to the Blackfoot Mines. Freights paid and Goods Stored on Consignments.
Advances made on consignments promptly attended to.
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Have on hand and keep for sale a Large Assortment of
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ELIZA ANDERSON,
D. E. FINCH.....Master.

THE ANDERSON HAS NOT BEEN HAULED OFF the route, nor will she be. She is the only steamer that ever RUN REGULARLY on Puget Sound for any length of time. Has just been thoroughly overhauled and is in complete order for a long campaign. Will carry passengers, freight and stock CHEAPER than any other conveyance.

PASSAGE AT PRESENT:
TO VICTORIA.....$3 00
RETURNING FROM VICTORIA.....$ 00
Berths and Meals Included.
FREIGHT:
CATTLE, at present.....$2 00
SHEEP, at present.....50
MERCHANDISE, at present, per ton.....2 00
Island Landing permits have been abolished.
Olympia, Dec. 7, 1866. dec18dtf

HAY, OATS AND GROUND FEED FOR SALE BY
R. H. LAW.

$50,000!
Deposited as Additional Security to Phœnix Patrons in the State of Oregon.
CHARTER PERPETUAL!

CASH CAPITAL.....$600,000 00
CASH ASSETS.....$1,063,779 13
ANNUAL CASH INCOME,
OVER ONE MILLION DOLLARS!

THE PHŒNIX!
Possessing Cash Assets of Over One Million Dollars, nearly
$200,000!
Of which IS INVESTED IN OREGON and California for the protection of its Policy-Holders, and having the Largest Actual Net Cash Surplus over Capital, re-insurance and liabilities of any of the Hartford Companies, devoted to Fire Insurance exclusively, offers to Oregon patrons unquestionable security under its policies.

THE PHŒNIX!
Is represented on this Coast through fully Commissioned Agents at each prominent place, authorized to bind this Company by the immediate issue of Policies.

THE PHŒNIX!
Is the only Hartford Company, devoted to Fire Insurance, now doing business in Oregon.

THE PHŒNIX
Has been represented on the Pacific Coast for nearly ten years, during which period Two Hundred and Seventy-Eight Losses have been Paid, amounting in the aggregate to nearly Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars, payments being made on an average of six days after proof.

LOSSES PAID IN U. S. GOLD COIN
AT POINTS WHERE THEY OCCUR.

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S. J. McCORMICK,
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UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
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STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
CASH CAPITAL, $750,000.
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.
Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.

THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon, by making a Deposit of fifty thousand dollars, is now prepared to effect insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms.

CALEB T. FAY, President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, Marine Director.

W. J. VAN SCHUYVER,
Agent for Oregon,
Office No. 73 Front Street, Portland.
Portland, January 16, 1866. dtf

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AND
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PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.
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STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,
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FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.
Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.
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BOOK PAPER.
JUST RECEIVED, an invoice of 40 and 44 lb Book Papers. For sale low, by
HENRY L. PITTOCK,
ap9dtf No. 5 Washington street.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY UNION CONVENTION.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE OREGONIAN.]

SECOND DAY.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

WEDNESDAY, April 17.

The voting was resumed in the afternoon, and continued until 26 ballots had been taken, the 26th standing as follows:

Denny	2
Garfielde	12½
Flanders	11
Scattering	3
Necessary to a choice	16

The Convention then adjourned till 9 o'clock Thursday.

THIRD DAY.

THURSDAY, April 18, 1867.

Convention met pursuant to adjournment, Mr. Eldridge in the Chair.

The minutes of yesterday were read and approved.

Mr. Garfielde appeared before the Convention and withdrew his name.

Mr. Clymer then nominated Hon. B. F. Dennison, but his name was afterward withdrawn.

Mr. Kennedy nominated Marshall Bliss, of Kitsap.

The 26th ballot was then taken. Those voting for Mr. Flanders were: Messrs. Howe, Drew, W. K. Tomple, Clarke, Spinning, Sargent, McLane, Cook, Davis, Dunlap, 1 vote by McLane proxy, Warren, Meyger, Lockwood, Fletcher, Parker, Baker, Ward, Hedrick, Cox, Stone, Copely—20½.

For Mr. Denny: Eldridge, Ferguson, Clymer, Watson, H. C. Tomple's vote by J. T. Knox proxy, Flanders—5½.

For Mr. Bliss: Kennedy, Snyder and Maxon—3.

Mr. Kennedy moved that the nomination of Mr. Flanders be declared unanimous. Carried.

Mr. ALVAN FLANDERS, having received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared duly nominated as the candidate of the Union Party of Washington Territory for Delegate to Congress.

The nomination was received with great enthusiasm, and Mr. Flanders rose in response to the hearty calls made upon him.

He said that he thanked the members of the Convention for the honor they had conferred upon him—to him a most unexpected honor indeed, but for which he was not the less grateful. He would admit that in some sections of the Territory he might be comparatively unknown, but he pledged himself to make the Democrats better acquainted with him before the close of the campaign. (Cheers.) There was no necessity for making a Union speech to the members of this Convention, who had unanimously adopted the platform on which he had the honor to stand. Some of its principles had been his from childhood—to all of the rest, the legitimate offspring of the late great struggle, he must heartily subscribe. As their standard-bearer he would do all that lay in his power to lead the party to victory. It could not be that the people of Washington Territory were lagging behind their loyal brethren in the East and West. The victory achieved on the battle-field, at such cost, not in gold, but in blood, must not and could not be lost at the ballot box. There was not one of those principles unannotified by the death of thousands of our brethren who had perished while shaping it on the rough anvil of war, nor one which could ever die. Some of them were forced on this nation by the stern realities of treason and rebellion, but they were all vital truths now, and would live in our history forever. To elaborate them before the people would be to him, a pleasing task, since they expressed his sentiments, in common with those of all true Union men.

The honorable gentleman sat down in the midst of repeated cheers.

The Hon. S. Garfielde was then called upon, and addressed the Convention in speech of rare eloquence and fervor, to which we regret that our limited space forbids our making more than a brief allusion. He cordially congratulated the Convention on their choice, and promised to do all in his power to secure the election of their candidate. It had been urged against him by some that he had not record as a Union man; he defied them to prevent him from making a record in the Union party. On the platform adopted by that Convention—a platform containing nothing to which he did not most heartily subscribe, he took his stand with Mr. Flanders, and would aid him in fighting it out on that line till the victory was theirs in June next.

[We understand that Mr. Garfielde will stump the Territory on behalf of Mr. Flanders.—REP.]

Messrs. Cox, Holmes and Eldridge also addressed the Convention, all pledging their hearty support to the nominees.

Mr. Flanders moved the appointment of a committee of five, to nominate a Territorial Union Central Committee for the ensuing two years. Carried, and the committee appointed as follows: Baker, McLane, Stone, Lockwood and Kennedy.

The Convention then took a recess for an hour. The recess having expired, the Convention was called to order by the President.

Mr. Baker submitted the following report from the committee to nominate a Central Committee.

Mr. President: Your Committee would respectfully report the following 23 gentlemen as the choice of your Committee for the Territorial Union Central Committee:

JAMES K. KENNEDY, of Jefferson, Chairman.
L. A. DAVIS, of Lewis.
A. COX, of Walla Walla.
S. D. HOWE, of Thurston.
M. S. DREW, of Kitsap.
S. W. ELDRIDGE, of Clarke.
O. C. COSLY, of Thurston.

We also recommend that the above named gentlemen shall constitute the Committee on Finance for the Union party of the Territory of Washington.

Respectfully submitted,
E. S. BAKER, Chairman.

The report was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Fletcher introduced the following:

Resolved, That it is the duty of the Union men of Washington Territory to elect the nominee of this Convention.

Resolved, That the Union men of Washington Territory will do their duty.

Mr. Fletcher offered a resolution of thanks to the officers of the Convention for the able and impartial manner in which they have discharged their duties. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. Parker, the Union papers of Washington Territory and Oregon were requested to publish the proceedings of this Convention.

The respective delegations of the several Judicial Districts announced the following nominations for Prosecuting Attorneys:

1st Judicial District, [illegible] 2d Judicial District, H. G. Struve; 3d Judicial District, J. K. Kennedy.

After a few appropriate remarks from the Chairman, Mr. Eldridge, the Convention adjourned *sine die*, with three-times-three cheers for the nominee of the Union party.

It is truly surprising what a great change a small scrap of paper, called a ballot, can work. Little more than half a century ago, one vote cast in the State of Rhode Island decided, to all appearances, the question of declaring war with England. That one ballot determined the election of the Congressman who came to hold the balance of power. Had an anti-war man been elected in his place, the war would have been indefinitely postponed and perhaps have been entirely prevented. Great as was this value of a ballot, it would seem that it has still more wonderful power. The mere fact of being able to vote is said to change the complexion of either the negro or Democrat. The latter has always boasted that it was the white man's party. Yet, no sooner has the ballot been given to the blacks of the District of Columbia, than the Democratic papers of the District begin to bid for their support, entirely ignoring and stultifying their past record. Has the Ethiopian changed his skin, or the Democracy its prejudice? It is certain, in either case, that a ballot possesses most remarkable bleaching properties.—*Lockport (N. Y.) Journal.*

It is the same outside of the District of Columbia. The Democracy all over the South are beseeching the negroes to vote for them, as witness the recent mixed meetings there.

By the new tax law in Mississippi the poll tax upon persons not having visible means of support, or not in the employ of a responsible person, is to be collected at the time of the assessment, and if it cannot be collected the defaulter is to be reported as a defaulter.

THE W. T. DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE OREGONIAN.]

FIRST DAY.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

VANCOUVER, April 17.

At two o'clock the unterrified again came to the scratch, having made a false start at one. Mr. Miles in the chair.

The Committee on Credentials made the following report:

Your Committee on Credentials would report the following named persons entitled to seats in this Convention:

Yakitka—A. H. Simmons, by Brazee, proxy.
Skamania—J. W. Brazee and Wm. Collins.
Klikitat—Thomas Clancy, John S. Condon, J. W. Bowers, John Collins, by Clancy, proxy.
Klickitat—J. H. Alexander, by Collins, proxy.
Lewis—M. T. Simmons and J. R. Jackson, by Henry Miles, proxy.
Cowlitz and Wahkiakum—N. Ostrander and James Cattlin.
Clark—Lewis Van Vleet, Patrick Healy, Geo. Groome, H. L. Caples, John Powell and J. D. Potter.
King—W. H. Robertson, C. C. Lewis, E. M. Smithers, J. W. Bush, by M. H. Frost, proxy.
Snohomish—M. H. Frost, J. W. Spear, by Frost, proxy.
Pierce—Stephen Judson, W. R. Downey, by S. Judson, proxy, E. A. Light; S. McLaw, by Light, proxy.
Pacific—W. J. Hall, by Ostrander, proxy—two votes.
Chehalis—A. J. Campbell, by Henry, proxy.
Stevens—J. C. Johnson—two votes—by C. F. Blunt and F. P. Dugan, proxies.
Thurston—James Longmire, P. M. Murphy, by Henry, proxy, Frank Henry, T. P. McElroy, B. L. Hennese and Samuel Coulter.
Jefferson—E. S. Fowler, S. M. Nolan, Henry Webber, F. M. O'Brien, by J. P. Judson, proxy for all.
Walla Walla—Jos. Hancock, Eugene Howard, by Linkton, proxy, W. McCool, S. Brumbelter, by Ball, proxy, W. Baker, by Babcock, proxy, W. A. Ball, S. W. Babcock, R. Linkton.
Clallam—H. Heckert, S. P. Scott, by Babcock, proxy.
Island—E. Barrington, H. A. Jeffers, by Longmire, proxy.
Mason—E. A. Wilson.
Whatcom—H. K. Lear, J. H. Plaister, by E. A. Wilson, proxy.

Respectfully submitted,
H. L. CAPLES, Chairman.

On motion of Mr. Potter, a committee of five were appointed on Permanent Organization, with instructions to report at once. The following is the committee: Potter, Ball, Ostrander, Frost, and J. P. Judson.

The committee retired and in a few minutes returned the following report: President, Henry A. Miles; Secretary, E. A. Wilson; Assistant Secretary, U. E. Hicks.

The report was adopted.

Mr. Miles thanked the Convention for the honor conferred, and promised to be just, faithful and expeditious as presiding officer, and hoped the Convention would be harmonious. He then announced the Convention duly organized and ready to proceed to business.

Mr. F. Henry moved that a committee of five be appointed to report a platform on which the Democracy were to stand for the next two years. Carried, and Messrs. Henry, Babcock, Simmons, Brazee and Light were appointed as said Committee.

Mr. Henry asked that the committee have until to-morrow morning to report. It was an important matter, he said, and the committee should have full time to consider the matter.

Mr. Frost thought that the candidates who expected a nomination ought to be heard upon the issues of the day before the platform was adopted; as afterward, candidates could adopt all that was said in it without any compunctions of conscience. He wanted to hear what the candidates had to say before they had any platform to endorse. Endorsing a platform he considered too easy work.

Mr. McElroy moved that the Committee on Platform be instructed to report at half past six o'clock, as he as well as a number of others wanted to get through and go home.

Mr. Potter wanted to agree with him, but feared giving them so short a time would trammel the Committee.

The motion was finally carried, and the Committee so instructed.

Mr. Catlin moved that the candidates be invited to address the Convention immediately.

Mr. Potter thought they ought to give them an hour's time to study their pieces.

Mr. Catlin's motion was carried.

Mr. Langford was loudly called for, and came forward and proceeded to plant himself on the Constitution, which he considered the fundamental principle of this Government. The States were sovereign. Every act of a State, contrary to the Constitution, was void, and every act of Congress contrary to the Constitution, is of no effect. Every act of an officer beyond his authority was revolutionary. The personal liberty bills of the several States were revolutionary acts. When the Presidents of the United States issued a proclamation declaring a certain species of property to be not property, it was revolutionary. [Applause.] The acts of secession of any State were revolutionary. The States in rebellion remained in the Union. They had as good a right to elect their officers now as ever, and when Congress refused to admit their representatives they acted in a revolutionary manner. The Civil Rights bill, the Freedmen's Bureau bill, are revolutionary in their nature, and tend to destroy the Government of United States. These were the principles of the Democratic party.

Mr. Henry was called for, but declined to make a speech, saying he was not a candidate.

Mr. Frank Clarke was called for. He said it was more the manner of the call than the name which induced him to respond; he thought the friendly tones certainly meant the "Orphan Boy." He was surprised that any one should ask him to define his standing. He had fought for the Constitution and Constitutional rights. In a tragic manner, he placed himself upon the Constitution to defend it from the bloody hands that were striving to bring it to ruin. The siren song could no longer delude Democrats to the belief that they could depart from the Constitution without danger to their liberties. Men had been incarcerated without knowing the cause thereof. Once a century was often enough for such a thing to occur. Woe be to the men that should attempt it again. He was against amending the Constitution, except in the manner provided therein. He was against amending it by the coercion of ten States. We find men in the Southern States, poor, their farms destroyed, broken in everything but spirit; men who have fought for opinion's sake and lost. What shall we do for them? Will you have the noble sons of noble sires who fought at Lexington, disgraced? Will you follow those men who have fought simply for opinion's sake, with cruelty? Those men fought for opinion's sake, goaded on to it by a cruelty that was seen outcropping so plainly. He hoped to live to see those men come back, not as slaves, but as brothers, and as equals. He would not be satisfied to die before that state of things should occur. [The beautiful orphan would probably not "die in springtime."] He objected to the negro using the right of suffrage in Washington Territory. He was not a rebel; but would rebel against this if he thought he could succeed. He did not want the poor settler, who should go and settle on wild land, and after opening his farm, be compelled to leave his home or send his progeny to school with a little nigger. He was not going to stand it if he could help it. [We reckon he will have to stand it till he goes to Congress, when he expects to repeal the law.]

Gov. Cole was called for, but could not come in under the call, as he was not a candidate, and could not be induced to become one.

Mr. Dugan then took the stand, and said he was like the boy in New York who asked another one for a pennut. "No, I won't give it to you, 'cause you axed me." "I did not ax you for none." He had not asked the Convention for a nomination, and he supposed they would not nominate him because he had. He was not going to ask anyone to nominate him, but his name might be before the Convention. The principles of the Democratic party were not of recent growth, but of great age. He was particularly hostile to National banks—pitched into the Civil Rights bill generally; and held that this was a white man's Government. Not one of the inferior race in the United States had a right to vote. He had no doubt but if the negro suffrage bill had been sent back to the House after it had been sent to the President, the clauses allowing white people to vote would have been stricken out; and would have left the citizens of this Territory to be governed by the mongrel races. Mr. D. was very savage against the exemption of United States bonds from taxation. He would not endorse A. J. fully. He had done some good things, but he could not forget that Andrew Johnson signed the death warrant of Mrs. Surratt. He thought that the Democracy should endorse Johnson in his reconstruction policy. If the Democratic party of Washington Territory endorse Andrew Johnson unqualifiedly, he would not accept a nomination, if offered to him.

Mr. Lawrence was then called for. He thought the principles of the Democracy were eternal. A Democrat to-day was what a Democrat was years ago. He believed that the Federal Government was one of limited powers. He had been a bed-rock Democrat all through the war. His idea in regard to the war was, that no State had a right to withdraw from the Union; but if there was any Democrat present who believed that when the people of a State thought their Government was not sufficient for their protection, they had not a right of revolution, he did not want his vote. He believed that when the States in rebellion laid down their arms they had a right to come back with all the rights of any other State.

Mr. Vancyoklo came forward. He said he had been sadly demoralized lately. After hearing the great Constitutional lawyers expounding the Constitution, to be called on to speak, was astonishing. He thought, from the speeches, that some of the candidates were running for President, and not for Delegate to Congress. He thought it not necessary for a Delegate to talk about the policy of the President, or the decisions of the Supreme Court. That was not the business of a Delegate. He was to hover around committees and use personal influence with the members of Congress if he ever did anything for the Territory.

At the close of Mr. Vancyoklo's speech the Convention adjourned till half-past six o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

Again as the hour of half-past seven the operations came together in conclave to listen to the reading of the glorious principles to which they are expected to give adherence in the coming canvass. Mr. Miles in the chair.

The Committee on Resolutions, by F. Henry, their Chairman, reported a platform, which, after some discussion, was adopted. The resolutions are as follows:

1st. *Resolved*, That those lately in insurrection against the Federal Government, having laid down their arms and fully resumed their duties as citizens of the United States, there is no other obstacle in the way of the harmonious working of our republican institutions save the factious course of a mutilated Congress, who have inaugurated a new revolution and are determined to rule the country in violation of the Constitution and to establish their wild and fanatical will, as a substitute for the Union framed by the fathers of the Republic.

2d. *Resolved*, That the only way in which peace and concord can be re-established is by conforming to the requirements of the Constitution and defeating the Radical party, who spurn its provisions and imperil the Union by their mad and seditious course.

3d. *Resolved*, That to effect this object we solemnly pledge our most untiring efforts: that the accomplishment of this end is the grand question now pending, transcending all others in importance and that the present imminent perils of the country demand the union of all conservative hearts and hands, irrespective of former or present party names in a vigorous effort to sustain the Federal Constitution in its integrity and secure its operation according to the spirit and intent of its founders.

4th. *Resolved*, That the Radical plan of depriving a portion of the United States of those rights always possessed by them since the days of 1776 of disenfranchising their people, is as unjustly opposed not only to the clear requirements of the Federal Constitution, but to every sound idea of practical statesmanship, is thoroughly antagonistic to those principles of reserved rights and of municipal governments regulating their own domestic affairs, that underlies our republican system; that it is the duty of the people of Washington Territory, regardless of past political divisions to pronounce their condemnation of the Radical party by electing men who love and are determined to preserve the American Constitution and the American Union.

5th. *Resolved*, That while that portion of the Representatives of the States of this Union, who exclude from the legislative halls the Representatives of ten States are laboring to subvert our Government, we rejoice in the fact that the Supreme Court of the United States, by its recent decisions in favor of the rights of American citizens, has proved that august tribunal will perform without fear or favor its high and solemn duties.

6th. *Resolved*, That our cordial thanks are due and are hereby tendered to President Johnson for his constitutional efforts in resisting unauthorized legislation and advocating the rights of all the States to their Congressional representation and that we will unitedly sustain him in these his just and patriotic acts.

7th. *Resolved*, That we are unconditionally opposed to the late law of Congress, called the Reconstruction bill, and the acts amendatory thereto; believing that the intention and tendency of such legislation is to make the white people of the United States subordinate to the military, contrary to the true intent, spirit and meaning of the Constitution.

8th. *Resolved*, That we believe this is a white man's Government, made by white men and that none but white men have a right to administer or control it, and we are therefore opposed to the principles of the late laws of Congress granting the rights of citizenship—the elective franchise and the right to occupy and hold the public domain upon all persons, without regard to race or color and that we shall expect or require our Delegate in Congress to use his best endeavors to procure a repeal of the said laws.

9th. *Resolved*, That we are in favor of the repeal of the laws of Congress unjustly exempting the United States bonds from taxation—of returning to the most rigid economy in the administration of the general government—to the end that the people may be relieved as far as possible from the burdens of taxation with which they are now oppressed.

10th. *Resolved*, That we are in favor of a Northern Pacific Railroad, and that our delegate to Congress be instructed to use his influence towards the speedy accomplishment of that object.

Mr. Potter moved the consideration of the resolutions seriatim, carried.

A motion was made by Mr. Catlin, to amend the first resolution by striking out the words, "*Resolved*, that those lately in insurrection against the Federal Government, having laid down their arms, and," and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "*Resolved*, that the civil war in the United States having come to a close, and those engaged therein having fully resumed," etc. He was not prepared to admit that the rebels made war upon the Government. They did not propose to destroy the Government, but simply wanted to set one up for themselves. The Government is the Constitution. The rebels did not make war upon that. Dr. Ostrander reiterated the same doctrines with emphasis.

The motion to amend was lost, and the resolution was adopted.

The 2d, 3d, 4th, and 5th resolutions were read and passed without debate. On reading the 6th resolution, Dr. Ostrander rose, and said he was opposed to tickling Mr. Johnson at the expense of the Democratic party. They had nothing to do with him. Some of those who held official positions under him might want to indorse him but he thought the Democratic party could not afford to be burdened with the load of Johnson and such office-holders too.

Mr. Potter was of the same opinion, and vehemently declared that Mr. Johnson did not belong to the Democracy, and they would not endorse him.

Mr. Babcock did not want to endorse Johnson, but thought that this Convention was here to nominate a candidate for Delegate to Congress who would be an available man. The Democratic party was beaten two years ago by about 1,100 majority. They wanted to gain all the strength they could.

Mr. Dugan wanted the resolution passed, but not for the purpose of catching votes.

Mr. Hennese moved to strike out the words "manly course," and insert "constitutional efforts" in place thereof, which was carried.

Several others discussed the propriety of thanking Johnson for all he had done since he became President, Messrs. Catlin, Potter and Ostrander taking strong grounds against the resolution, but it was finally passed.

All the resolutions were then taken up and adopted as a whole.

Mr. Henry moved to adopt the *viva voce* system of voting.

Mr. Dugan moved to substitute the ballot system.

On a vote, the original motion was carried.

The Convention then proceeded to an informal vote for Delegate, with the following result:

W. G. Langford	11
A. J. Lawrence	12
F. P. Dugan	4
F. Clarke	11
C. Lancaster	8
O. B. McFadden	12
J. M. Van Syckle	1
F. Henry	4

The Convention adjourned until 9 o'clock tomorrow.

SECOND DAY.

THURSDAY, April 18.

Convention met pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Catlin moved to require a two-thirds vote to nominate. He was not partial to the rule, but thought it was a Democratic one.

The motion was lost.

Mr. Frost moved to establish a three-fifths rule, and argued the question at some length.

Capt. Hennese rose and said his memory was not as good as that of some gentlemen. He could not remember when he became a Democrat. He could remember that he was a Democrat when a little shirt-tailed boy—how long before he could not say. He believed in the Democratic rule of majorities. He moved to award by adopting a majority rule.

The eloquence and eminent Democracy of the Captain, carried the crowd and the amendment, too.

The Convention then proceeded to vote for a candidate for Delegate to Congress.

FIRST BALLOT.	
Langford	22
Lawrence	9
McFadden	7
Clarke	6
Dugan	6
Lancaster	4
Starr	4
Van Syckle	2

The voting was continued until the 11th vote, without any material change. At this, Dr. Ostrander moved that Judge Lancaster be invited to address the Convention, as he was present yesterday.

Motion carried, and the Judge came forward and placed himself on the platform laid down by Andrew Jackson, and he was going to stay there. The Judge then discussed the President's policy at length, endorsing him "per se" and "per quot."

The speech did not have the effect of changing very many votes. At the conclusion of the 14th vote, the Convention adjourned till 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

On re-assembling at 2 o'clock the voting was resumed, and the 15th vote stood:

Langford	18
Lancaster	6
Law. C.	12
Clarke	16
Scattering	2

The 24th vote resulted in the nomination of Mr. Frank Clark (commonly known as the "Orphan Boy") by the following vote:

Clarke	31
Dugan	14
Lancaster	12
Langford	2

FROM IDAHO.

SUFFERING IN THE MOUNTAINS—THREE MEN LOST.

A letter dated "Overland Ferry, April 4th," and published in the Idaho *Statesman*, gives the following intelligence:

On the 4th inst., two men, A. H. Cogsley and a Spaniard, Alberto, Dolores, Hostis, arrived here nearly exhausted, having been eight days without food, other than prickly pear and grass. A party left one man, Jim Chambers, about fifteen miles back as being too far gone to travel with them further. After resting a few hours, Hostis started back with a horse to bring in Chambers, but he could not be found. It is supposed that he left the trail. His blanket was stretched across the trail, but intelligent search failed to find him. He probably crawled into the rocks and died or fell over the ledge which is several hundred feet deep. He was so far gone when they left him, that they think it doubtful if he survived the first night.

These men with two more left the stage road to go to Idaho, by Wood river, on the 2d day of March, with one animal, which died when out about sixty miles in the snow. They kept on, hoping to get through the mountains; but the snow was six or eight feet deep, no wood and no game with very much water. About six or seven days after the animal died, two of the party, Wm. Willis and Charles Prescott, were badly frozen, and gave up being quite unable to travel. They say it is certain that they died there. The three went onward, traveling three days to near the Three Buttes. Being unable to get through to Snake river that way, they turned southward to the river and followed it down, two of the party sailing in reaching the place. Chambers, when they left fifteen miles up the river, was from Savannah, Illinois. Willis came from Paris, Canada West. Prescott was from Whiteside county, Illinois.

Surveying in Idaho is about to commence. The Boise *Statesman* says:

General Caton [illegible] last week, having made selection of an initial point for the surveys. It is a small butte situated about twenty miles from Boise City. Five miles from Snake river at the nearest point, and [illegible] or ten from Ow

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 19, 1867.

Agriculture in Montana.

Hereafter Montana Territory will not be dependent on other parts for a supply of breadstuffs. Her productive valleys are yielding a sufficiency of grain to bring prices down so that flour shipped from Salt Lake, from Oregon or from St. Louis cannot compete in the Montana market with that produced by the farmers of the Territory. The Avant-Courier says that [illegible] Gallatin valley is unsaleable at two dollars per bushel, and that the farmers there are feeding thousands of bushels of grain and potatoes to their stock. "Every granary and bin, every store house and mill, is full; and the only trouble is to find some way of disposing of the surplus of last year. So abundant is the surplus and so low the price, that ranchmen are also discouraged." From this it is evident that straw will be no demand, at least in that part of Montana, for flour from abroad. The Territory will be abundantly supplied with products grown upon its own soil, and the trade that direction will hereafter consist of general in merchandize, omitting the staple articles of food.

Paying the Debt.

The national debt was reduced two hundred millions last year, and the revenue that enabled this to be done was derived almost wholly from the Northern States. It will be several years before the South can so recuperate as to be able to pay her proper share. But she ought to be required to pay it. It was the misconduct of the people of these States that caused the debt to be contracted, and they ought not to be wholly relieved of a burden for whose existence they are entirely responsible. If the bulk of the debt is paid within the next twelve years it will have to be paid by the North, as the South in its present impoverished condition can render little material assistance. The true policy would therefore seem to be not to try to reduce the debt rapidly for the present, but to levy taxes sufficient to defray the ordinary expenses of the Government and leave the payment of the bulk of the debt to more prosperous times, when the Southern people will be able to assist in repairing the waste which their wicked action has made upon the country.

JOHN BULL ON THE RUSSIAN TREATY.—The *News*, a journal published at Victoria, has an editorial on the Russian treaty, in which the importance of the cession of territory is fully recognized. The writer takes a very despondING view of matters, and thinks it was deliberately planned as a preparation for war, and that both sides were aware that difficulties would arise between the British and American Governments on questions arising out of frontier disputes. He says:

> To the United States the newly acquired territory, for [illegible] purposes, will be of no practical use whatever as a basis and [illegible] region. It offers no inducements for a new enterprise or energy, save to the adventurer and the hardy lumberman. To Russia it was [illegible] by all [illegible] a hold for [illegible] enterprise, and in view of a war with [illegible], or any other maritime power, it was a means of [illegible], requiring a strong naval force to guard it against attack, which could not all be spared from the defence of other points of much [illegible] importance to the empire at large. . . . We have said that the [illegible] of America to the United States is a much more important [illegible] than many persons may suppose, and we believe it does not bear comparison, viewed without a clear recognition of the [illegible] and [illegible] difficulties to which [illegible] England [illegible] to give rise. Great Britain has interests involved in this [illegible] which she cannot overlook or allow to be ignored, either by Russia or the United States. Her right to the free navigation of the [illegible] is [illegible] by [illegible] and [illegible], which she has [illegible] for the people of the [illegible] belonging to the coast of that [illegible], she will not wholly [illegible] any [illegible] and [illegible] the United States seek to [illegible] any part of those [illegible] which she must [illegible] only for [illegible] British [illegible] to [illegible] of all [illegible] ship, from her inland [illegible], it is not [illegible] the feeling of hostility to which such an act would give rise.

The *News* admits that in case of a war between the United States and Russia on one side and England and France on the other, the latter would be defeated.

THE MOTLEY LETTER.—A New-York *Nation* says the friends of Mr. Motley duly solemnly that he was the author of the disgraceful letter to Mr. Motley; but insist in explanation that it was written by Andrew Johnson himself and signed without reading by Mr. Seward when the latter was ill in bed or on the day of his daughter's funeral. The *Nation* remarks:

> If this be true, Mr. Motley will have but to sympathize with him, although it is hard to say which is the most to be pitied: a man who puts his name to Andrew Johnson's compositions after he has read them, or a man who does it without reading them at all. A circular seems to have been sent all the [illegible] diplomatic agents, not in the same terms, but with the same fine "acute reading." Never [illegible] the letter to Mr. Motley. The indignation of the denials which this calls forth is very amusing. These gentlemen are evidently not to be caught in this way. We respectfully suggest to [illegible] town, Anybody who says he liked it, is freely sure to be an [illegible] of Mr. Rogers, of New Jersey; and anybody who says he did not like it, is merely good for his place.

NO NONSENSE.—The Union Committee of San Francisco have properly recognized the political issues now pending, and have taken a decided stand in reference to them, by prescribing the following test for voters at the Union primaries:

> No person shall vote at such election who is not a citizen of the United States and who [illegible] and resides in the State, at the time of the election at which he offers to vote, and who did not heartily approve of the election to the Presidency of Abraham Lincoln in 1864, and who does not heartily indorse and approve of the amendments to the Constitution of the United States, proposed by the first session of the 39th Congress, as well as of the principle that the reconstruction of the rebel States should be left to the [illegible] the [illegible] of the United States Government.

INTERVIEW.—The Berlin correspondent of the New York *Herald* predicts that the immigration to the United States during the present season will be immense. He says [illegible] ago in the straw packets from Bremen and Hamburg have been engaged up to the month of November, and estimates seventy thousand persons will come in the course of the season by this line. The correspondent estimates that two hundred thousand immigrants mainly from Germany, will find their way to the United States during this year.

The constellation Corona has a star which, from its peculiar appearance, is called the "Morning Star." It has attracted unusual attention among astronomers both in Europe and America. The extraordinary [illegible] and [illegible] of its apparent size and condition, suggest that it may really be a world on fire.

An address has been sent to Professor Agassiz by a large number of the citizens of Montana, inviting him to visit that Territory for the purpose of making scientific observations upon its gold fields, its geological history and formation, etc. The address was forwarded through the Secretary of the Territory.

A large lot of Democratic politicians, formerly of California, including Terry the murderer of Broderick, Warren, once State Controller, and others of that kidney who left California in search of their "rights" after the [illegible] Democratic fashion, have lately been heard of at New Orleans.

That blatant rebel, Robert Toombs, has arrived at his home in Georgia. He has doubtless found that traitors have not yet become numerous enough to make it desirable, even with the reinforcement brought them by Andrew Johnson.

Joshua Soule, senior Bishop of the Methodist Church in America, died at Nashville (Tenn.) on the 6th of March. He was born in Bristol, Maine, August 1st, 1781. He began to preach in 1799.

The New York correspondent of the Sacramento *Union* says that Mark Twain is going to the Holy Land with Henry Ward Beecher's party.

STATE ITEMS.

The Odd Fellows of Yreka will have a celebration at that place on the 26th of the present month, and have engaged Hon. O. Jacobs, of Jacksonville, to deliver the address.

A one-fourth interest in the mills at Springfield (Lane county) has been purchased by A. B. Hovey. The Company have first class flouring and saw mills, are farming extensively and intend to engage in merchandising soon. The capital stock of this Company is now $50,000.

FROM MONTANA.

From the Montana *Post* of the 23d of March we have the following:

TERRIBLE COLD—SUFFERING AND DEATH.

A party of miners, who worked last summer at Rocker, in Silver Bow, went over to Highland last fall for the purpose of wintering. On the 10th inst., four of them, including two called Tucker and "Arkansaw," started to return to Rocker, a distance of twenty-three miles, carrying with them their blankets, etc. During the afternoon, they started on a "cut off" trail by which they expected to save some six miles. The snow was very deep and crusted, but not sufficiently so to bear their weight, and the fatigue was so great that when within a mile and a half of Butte city, they became completely exhausted and laid down on the snow—to die. This was before sunset, and all were more or less frozen at the time. The other, Arkansaw, formerly of Nevada, being the least frozen, determined to make an endeavor to reach the road, and finally succeeded, falling exhausted and frozen on the road side. Here he laid that night and until the next day at three o'clock P. M., before any one passed, when Mr. Humphries, of Butte City, found him. He found the others lying where they first stopped, and he took the whole party to Rocker. They were horribly frozen, and their story of lying there helpless, while from the mining camp scarce two miles distant, came the sound of voices, the echoes of the axe, and the careless laugh, while the fire-lights of the village taunted them with misery, as they lay there slowly freezing, freezing to death in the terrible snow and the merciless storm, and the darkness, "uncared for, unknown," is described as heart rending. Tucker was frozen to the thighs; Arkansaw's right leg to the thigh and his left to the knee. The other two are frozen nearly to the knees, and it is believed that they will all have to suffer amputation. Our informant, Mr. Nelson, states that Dr. Griffin, of Deer Lodge, was attending the unfortunate men.

On the 15th instant Archie McCurdy, of this city, in company with a Mr. Painter and a boy, started from Bannock. On the range between Ten Mile creek and Horse Prairie, McCurdy became so cold and lethargic that he could not keep up with the others, and they had to abandon him. They reached the Twelve Mile ranch slightly frozen. Returning the next day, they found the bodies of McCurdy and his horse, a few feet separated, both frozen to death. He was brought to Bannock for interment. Deceased was from Lafayette, Ind., and formerly a captain or adjutant of the 15th Indiana regiment.

John B. Higgins started from Hot Springs, for this place, on the 15th. He also was advised to take a cut-off, which he did. In crossing some of the branches of Slade's gulch, his boots were filled with water and his feet were frozen solid. To add to his misery, he became confused and lost his way. Night came on, and he was alone on the mountain, lost in the snow, his feet hanging to him like masses of ice. All the night he kept moving around, floundering in the snow drifts, and by this saved his life. He reached Virginia about nine o'clock in the morning and was kindly cared for by his friends. His feet were frozen perfectly solid, and one who attended him says that you could have knocked off his toes like glass.

ARGENTA SMELTING WORKS.

Mr. Deidesheimer, Superintendent of the St. Louis & Montana Mining Company, called on us a day or two since, while on a flying visit to the capitol. He informs us that the works are fully prepared to turn out silver by the ton, as soon as the weather moderates. Mr. D. informs us that with proper buildings, the work could have been prosecuted during the coldest weather we have had. It seems rather sanguine to speak about turning out a ton of silver every fortnight, but the following figures warrant it. The rock yields, on an average, $320 per ton, which can be extracted with 97 per cent. of that amount. The capacity of the works is ten tons per day, yielding $2,975 in fourteen days, $41,664. Rating the silver at $18 30 per lb., the yield in fourteen days would be 2,556 lbs., leaving a margin for contingencies.

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AND CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

[illegible]

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WILL LEAVE PORTLAND DAILY (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock A. M., connecting with

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and for LEWISTON

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do do do (Flour) 20 "

DOWN FREIGHTS,

From Wallula and Umatilla to Dalles and Portland,

AS FOLLOWS:

On Wheat, Flour, Oats, Barley and Corn.....$10 per ton.
Wool (properly baled).....one cent per lb.
Hides.....37½ cents each.
do (from Lewiston).....80 " "

Note.—1,500 lbs of Oats constitute a Ton. 1,700 lbs of Barley constitute a Ton.

Freight from Portland to Wallula, $35.

J. C. AINSWORTH,
President O. S. N. Co.
Portland, April 15th, 1867. ap12daw2p2tf

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THE FIRST DAY OF MARCH, 1867, the Steamer

[illegible]

Will leave the Company's dock at the foot of "A" street, Portland, precisely at 7 o'clock every morning

For Canemah and Oregon City,

Connecting with the Steamer

RELIANCE

ON

MONDAY AND THURSDAY

of each week for

SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS,

And intermediate points. And with the

Steamer Union,

ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,

of each week,

For LAFAYETTE and intermediate points.

Due notice will be given when the Company will dispose of their boats on other days than above.

Further notice is hereby given that no person will be allowed to come on board the company's boats when they arrive in Portland until the passengers have gone ashore.

Feb. 25, 1867. A. A. McCULLY,
d1f Pres't People's Trans. Co.

HATS! [illegible] HATS!

MEUSSDORFFER & BRO.,

Manufacturers and Importers of, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

HATS, CAPS,

AND

HATTERS' MATERIALS.

No. 73 Front Street, Portland,

ARE RECEIVING, IN ADDITION TO THEIR EXTENSIVE STOCK, by every steamer, all the LATEST STYLES of New York, London and Parisian taste, for

Gentlemen's and Children's Wear.

Which they will sell

CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE ON THE PACIFIC COAST!

P. S.—Hats of every Style and Description MADE TO ORDER, also neatly repaired at

no1d1f2p J. C. MEUSSDORFFER & BRO.

CHAS. HOPKINS,

(Successor to C. W. VAUGHN,)

DEALER IN

Hardware & Cutlery,

IRON AND STEEL,

Blacksmiths', Miners' and Mechanics'

TOOLS, PLOWS,

REAPERS, MOWERS, THRESHERS

AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY.

No. 116 Corner Front and Morrison Sts.,

oc4 PORTLAND, OREGON. 32ptf

HOLBROOK, MERRILL & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Stoves, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron,

LEAD PIPE, PUMPS, ZINC, WIRE,

AND HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

Manufacturers of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware.

13 and 15 Front St., San Francisco.
176 and 178 J St., Sacramento.
ap16d1p1w Main St., Austin, Nevada.

A. S. CHENEY. S. B. CLARK

Church & Clark,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

MEDITERRANEAN AND CALIFORNIA

FRUITS, NUTS, CANDIES, &C.,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

FIREWORKS!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

No. 407 Front street, San Francisco.

☞ Printed lists of all kinds furnished. ap4d3m2p

E. MARTIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

wines and Liquors!

NO. 35 FRONT STREET,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

NOS. 504 AND 506 FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

N. B.—Orders promptly filled in San Francisco, if desired. oc21d1f

SAN FRANCISCO ASSAYING

AND

REFINING WORKS,

No. 416 Montgomery St.,

(Successors to Kellogg, Hewston & Company.)

CAPITAL STOCK, $1,000,000!

Directors:

JOHN PARROTT, CHAS. E. McLANE,
WM. C. RALSTON, A. HAYWARD,
LOUIS A. CARNETT.

LOUIS A. CARNETT.....President and Manager.
JOHN HEWSTON, Jr.....Chemist and Superintendent.

THIS COMPANY HAVING GREATLY enlarged their Refining Works, and introduced many other important improvements, are pleased to announce that they feel warranted in again reducing materially their terms of doing business.

THE TARIFF OF CHARGES

Which they now submit to the public—considered with reference to the cost of material and labor—is lower than in any other part of the world, and secures to the mining interest of this coast an important increase in both the minting and commercial value of bullion.

Their charges hereafter will be as follows:

FOR ASSAYING, DEPOSITE FOR UNPARTED GOLD BARS.

One-eighth of one per cent. (heretofore a quarter) for all amounts over $1,000, and two dollars for any smaller sum. Returns made in twenty-four hours.

FOR ASSAYING DEPOSITS FOR UNPARTED SILVER BARS.

Two dollars for the gold contained, up to $1,000, and one-eighth of one per cent. for all amounts over that sum, and one per cent. on the silver contained. Returns made in twenty-four hours.

FOR REFINING DEPOSITS MADE FOR COIN OR FINE BARS.

On bullion under 900 parts gold, 2 cents per ounce.
On bullion from 900@600 parts gold, 4 cents per ounce.
On bullion from 600@750 parts gold, 6 cents per ounce.
On bullion from 750@949½ parts gold, 8 cents per ounce.
Above 950 the only charge will be for coinage. But there will be no charge for refining less than two dollars.

FOR COINING GOLD.

This charge will be the same as at the Mint—half of one per cent.—and which is paid by us to that institution. But there will be no charge in future for making fine gold or silver bars from bullion refined by us.

RETURNS IN COIN IN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS.

Silver contained in deposits for coin will be accounted for at the same rate customary at the Mint.

Gold bars of either assayers, in good standing, will be cashed by us at the highest market rates.

Dust and bullion can be forwarded to us from any part of the country, and returns made through Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

CHARGES AT U. S. BRANCH MINT.

For the convenience of those not familiar with the terms of the Mint, we subjoin the tariff of charges now in force at that institution:

For refining bullion.....for 900 parts gold, 3 cents per ounce.
For refining bullion from 900@600 parts gold, 5 cents per ounce.
For refining bullion from 600@750 parts gold, 7 cents per ounce.
For refining bullion from 750@830 parts gold, 11 cents per ounce.
For refining bullion from 830@949½ parts gold, 14 cents per ounce.
The charge for coinage is half of one per cent., and the charge for making fine silver bars, the same.
Comparing the net value of deposits for coinage, with the proceeds of unparted gold bars sold in the market—assuming that the bars have cost ½ of one per cent.—they must be sold at the following par rates to equal the return which would have been made had they been deposited for coinage:

850 per to equal Mint return, at refining charge of 14 cents.
845 per to equal Mint return, at refining charge of 9 cents.
805 per to equal San Francisco A. A R. Works return, at refining charge of 5 cents.

mh16d2m

FOR GRATUITOUS DISTRIBUTION.

"THE SCIENCE OF LIFE,

Or, How to Live and What to Live For."

A highly interesting and valuable Work, including "The Philosophy of Marriage," Mental Diseases, Their Cause and Cure," a Treatise on Sexual Debility, and many valuable hints and good counsels for young men.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE

Pacific Museum of Anatomy and Science,

San Francisco,

Have determined, regardless of expense, to issue FREE (for the benefit of suffering humanity) four of their most interesting and instructive Lectures on Marriage and its disqualifications; Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy and Vital Power, the Great Social Evil, and those maladies which result from Youthful Follies, Excesses of Maturity, or Ignorance of Physiology and, and Nature's Laws. These invaluable lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands and will be forwarded FREE, on receiving twenty-five cents in postage stamps, by addressing "The Secretary Pacific Museum of Anatomy and Science, at the Eureka Theatre, Montgomery street, San Francisco."

Letters to be sent through Wells, Fargo & Co.

For sale (wholesale and retail) at
T. RUTLIFF'S, Sole Agent
432 Kearny street, near [illegible]
The trade supplied at a liberal [illegible]

TOBACCO, CIGARS.

WEIL & CO.,

No. 426 Front Street, San Francisco,

SOLE IMPORTERS

OF THE FOLLOWING BRANDS OF ¼-POUNDS Superior to any in the Market:

PEACH OFFERING;
FRUIT BASKET;
PEACH OFFERING;
GOLDEN CHARM;
IMPERIAL;
CAMELIA.

Besides LIGHT PRESSED NATURAL LEAF,

Of every description. Also, by every Steamer, fine

GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS,

In Bond or Duty Paid.

WEIL & CO.,
ap22d1y2p 426 Front Street San Francisco.

CLOSING OUT!

To Families, Hotels and Dealers:

FROM THIS DAY ON, THE UNDERSIGNED OFFER for this well assorted stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

Wines and Liquors,

(the best for medical use),

AT COST PRICES!

Having received my Goods from First-Class Houses in San Francisco, I am enabled to give satisfaction in price and quality to those who may favor me with a call.

Thanking the public in general for their past favors, I respectfully invite them to call and examine my stock and prices. S. WATERMAN.

Portland, April 15th, 1867. dtf

100,000 Pairs

NEW, GOOD AND CHEAP

BOOTS AND SHOES

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

Philadelphia Boot and Shoe Store!

Also a large assortment of San Francisco Custom Made Boots, Gaiters, Slippers, etc.

N. B.—Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear made to order, EAST & CAHALIN,

mh26d1m No. 112 Front St., opposite Barman Bros., PORTLAND, OREGON.

ASSAY OFFICE!

KING, MYRICK & CO.,

(Successors to E. W. Tracy & Co.,)

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE INTEREST OF E. W. TRACY & CO., in their

ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 58 Front Street,

We are prepared to continue the Business of ASSAYING GOLD DUST, ORES, &c.

Portland, April 10th, 1866. JOSIAH MYRICK,
an10d2p1 EDWARD WEBB.

JACOB UNDERHILL & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

HARDWARE,

IRON AND STEEL,

Have Removed to 51 Front street, corner of Oak. dtf

New York Hotel for Sale or Partner Wanted.

THERE BEING TOO MUCH BUSINESS FOR ONE person to attend to, the undersigned will either sell the New York Hotel, or take a partner.

Good reference required for a partner. Good house insured. LEONARD STARK,
ap16d1f New York Hotel.

Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER

Corner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, [illegible] CHANDIES AND HOUSE

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday,

ap4d26 A. B. RICHARDSON, A

At Private Sale.

ENGLISH REFINED BAR and RUNDLE [illegible]
do SQUARE & OCTAGON [illegible]
HORSE SHOES, FILES, RASPS, [illegible]
SCREWS, KEY-PANS, SHEET IRON, [illegible]

ALSO:

Large assortment of GROCERIES [illegible]
A. B. RICHARDSON, [illegible]

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE,

Groceries, Furniture,

And General Merchandise.

SATURDAY, APRIL 20TH, [illegible]

at 10 o'clock A. M.

Real Estate.

LOTS 6, 12 AND 11 IN CARUTHERS'

Furniture.

ONE ELEGANT PARLOR SUIT [illegible]
ONE ROSEWOOD TABLE (Marble [illegible]
ONE do WASHSTAND,
ONE ELEGANT MIRROR, (French [illegible]
70 YARDS BRUSSELS CARPET,

ALSO,

ELEGANT ROSEWOOD BEDSTEADS,
do do BUREAUS, (1 [illegible]
do do WASHSTANDS, (1 [illegible]
do do COMMODES,

ALSO,

HAIR, SPRING AND PULU MATTRESSES,

Groceries.

150 sacks COSTA RICA COFFEE;
185 sacks JAVA do

ALSO,

450 bags RICE;
50 chests JAPAN TEA;
1,000 boxes SOAP.

ALSO,

800 boxes EMERY'S CANDLES,
900 boxes STAR do

A. B. RICHARDSON,

NEW FIRM AND NEW

D. STEINHEIS

(Successor to Gerrile & [illegible])

LA GRANDE, ORE[illegible]

TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING TO HIS friends and customers that he has the old stand to the corner formerly [illegible] & Steinhardt, and that he is just receiving

ENTIRELY NEW [illegible]

OF

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS and [illegible]

Hats an[illegible]

GROCERIES, [illegible]

Liquors.

The undersigned takes pleasure in [illegible] friends and customers for their past favors, and designs in the future to merit a [illegible] same. [illegible] Respect, charged with [illegible] upon [illegible]

LA GRANDE, OREGON, Dec. [illegible], 1866 [illegible] days

A VALUABLE INVEN[illegible]

THE UNDERSIGNED CALLS [illegible] of smokers to the use of [illegible]

PATENT DOUBLE-TUBE [illegible]

Which he is now importing, and will [illegible] to all smokers. Its peculiar merit [illegible] TWO TUBES, the one for the smoke [illegible] for the passage of the saliva and the [illegible] at the bottom, whence it is discharged, [illegible] thus kept clear of contact with the [illegible] lickers, and pure in its odor, and [illegible] which renders all other pipes offensive [illegible] moved, the pipe will always continue [illegible] ble. It drives to the quick the poison [illegible] tobacco, free from its noxious acid [illegible] water before obtained in pipes.

A leading eastern journal says of this [illegible] its are incontestably proved by the fact [illegible] twenty unpatented others to use."

Another great advantage in this pipe [illegible] can easily take it to pieces. It takes [illegible] structed you can withdraw the stem [illegible] upper tube of the bowl without emptying [illegible]

For sale (wholesale and retail) at
T. RUTLIFF'S, Sole Agent
No. 109 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS

AND DEALERS IN

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry,

Agents for the AMERICAN WATCH CO.
for Wilcox & Gibbs' Letter [illegible]

Sewing Machines

Gentlemen

LOOK HERE!!

IF YOU WANT A FIRST CLASS [illegible]

BOOT

Made to order of the latest improved style, go to

T. RODG[illegible]

The celebrated BOOT MAKER, who [illegible] good fit, on FIRST and YAMHILL [illegible]

O. P. S. PLUMMER, M.D.,

Physician, Surgeon and [illegible]

(Grad[illegible] of Jefferson Medical [illegible]

HAS RETURNED TO AND [illegible] cated in Portland for the p[illegible]

OFFICE—166 Front Street, [illegible] Book Store.

RESIDENCE—Second Street, fronting [illegible] Block.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 19, 1867.

CITY.

Money Market.

Legal Tender rates ..... 74@74½
New York Gold Quotations 135¾

THE HEBREW PASSOVER.—At the setting of the sun to-night begins the Hebrew Passover, a festival instituted by Moses in commemoration of the Israelites coming into the night of the destruction of the first born in Egypt, immediately preceding their exodus from that country. The word passover is from the Hebrew pezah, to pass over, to leap over, to pass by. When the angel of God smote the first-born of Egypt, he passed over such of the houses as were marked with the blood of the lamb, and so the first-born of such Israelitish houses (for they were all so marked by pre-learned command through Moses,) was spared. The festival was originally celebrated by the sacrifice of lambs in the evening of the first Hebrew spring month, and by eating them on the following evening. During the seven days of the Passover, all leaven was excluded from the food eaten. Since the destruction of the temple, the passover has been celebrated by domestic rites commemorative of the deliverance from bondage, the first and last days being observed as holy days. During these seven days, no leavened bread is eaten and the people partake of fish to prayer, thanksgivings, hospitalities, and peculiar conversations connected with the emancipation from servitude, of their ancestors. The festival is observed wherever the Hebrews may be found throughout the world.

[illegible] Mr. Morrow.—Mr. G. P. White of Aurora, Marion Co., [illegible] yesterday, and exhibited a model of a shingle machine invented by him. It has an ingenious contrivance for splitting the bolts into shingles in the rough. It is an upright shaft with a drum, into the upper horizontal face of which are fixed projecting knives so graduated as to strike the end of the bolt in each revolution, to the proper thickness for the butt of a shingle. These are then taken up and passed through an edging combination of saws. As the shingle leaves the saws, the butt is caught between a couple of revolving flanges which not only [illegible] hold it, and carried around, the point of [illegible] lug between upper and lower planers which [illegible] and shape the shingle. The shingle is discharged from the clamps soon after leaving the planers. Mr. White is certain that the machine can rive and plane 30,000 shingles in ten hours. The cost of it is between $450 and $500. The power required to run it is equivalent to a two horse power engine. Mr. White to-day starts for Washington to secure the Patent Office at Washington for the purpose of securing a patent. The principles involved are unlike those of any other shingle machine in use, so far as we know.

On Hand [illegible] York.—There are a few people who think our newly acquired territory on the Northwest, of little value. They are probably unaware that the best and most [illegible] ive machinery in the world is on the coast of [illegible] America. The acquisition of ports adjacent to the whole fisheries of the North Pacific, is alone of great value. Nearly all the fox consumed on the Pacific coast, and [illegible] ads south of the Columbia river, comes from Sitka. The furs and skins of that country have, for years, constituted an important trade. It has, also, some gold and copper mines. The San Francisco *Bulletin* says the port of San Francisco exports to the Russian [illegible] in 1864, to the value of $153,000; in 1865, the [illegible] reached to $77,637, and in 1866 to $136,053. In [illegible] 1,200 tons of ice imported into California from Sitka, 1,000 tons, and in 1866, 4,010 tons. The value of the material was also quite considerable.

Mr. [illegible] Phenomenon.—We witnessed a phenomenon on Saturday—a masculine genius of the tribe of Lo, [illegible] became a *lusus illiteratus* while the partner of his joys and blankets, walked quietly at his heels, carrying [illegible] A masculine, full-grown Indian carrying a papoose [illegible] ing for which we have been unable, after a search in the heraldic archives of the [illegible] to find a precedent. We have looked [illegible] How to do it" and any number of [illegible] under the head of "Made Easy," with [illegible] ensuing results. The constitution, the revolutionary [illegible] Canoe and Hiawatha, are silent as the tomb [illegible] There is no explanation under the [illegible] be considered worth a fig-leaf, except it be the [illegible] under the head of "Made Easy," with [illegible] ensuing results. The constitution, the revolutionary [illegible] Canoe and Hiawatha, are silent as the tomb [illegible] There is no explanation under the [illegible] be considered worth a fig-leaf, except it be the [illegible] of the choice widowed shrew who wears the family [illegible]

[illegible] Court.—The following proceedings were [illegible] the Recorder's Court yesterday:

[illegible] charged with keeping a hotel without a [illegible] and taken under advisement till this morning.

Jack Gilman, drunk and disorderly conduct and exposing his person; sent to jail for five days. On the charge of resisting an officer, he was convicted and sentenced to thirty days in jail.

A. M. Wooley, charged with being drunk and disorderly, was sent to jail for three days.

[illegible] Simpson, charged with an assault and battery upon R. Williamson, was convicted and sent to jail for two days.

Oregon City Paper Manufacturing Co.—A meeting of the stockholders of the Oregon City Paper Manufacturing Co. was held at Oregon City, yesterday, the 18th, for the election of directors to serve the ensuing year. The number of directors, which has formerly been five, was reduced to three, and Messrs. A. L. Block, J. B. Miller and C. S. Miller were elected. At a subsequent meeting of the directors, J. B. Miller was elected President; A. L. Block, Vice President, and H. J. Apperson, Secretary. The mill is now running with a full complement of operatives, and up to the capacity of the machinery, turning out seventy reams per day.

M. E. Church Building.—The erection of a brick church building in Portland has for some time been in contemplation, by the trustees of the M. E. Church. That they are, we believe, some funds already accumulated for that purpose, and perhaps a considerable part of the required $50,000. A subscription was put in circulation, yesterday, for the purpose of obtaining the balance, and as the whole A. M., $500 had been secured, and the work of erecting the entire sum wanted, was thought [illegible] easily raised. The building is to be erected on the block occupied by the old church building, on Taylor street.

[illegible] is an evil weed, and [illegible] the devil sowed the seed, are questions, the solution of which [illegible] entirely or positively, does not affect the [illegible] universal use of it. Nearly all men use it, [illegible] body chews it, and the rest of mankind smoke it. R. C. Horn & Co., of San Francisco, being [illegible] of these facts, import direct from Virginia and [illegible] choice brand in the mercantile [illegible] the [illegible] their column this morning.

[illegible] Arrivals from New York.—Mr. Jacob [illegible] has received a very extensive assortment of dry goods, [illegible] and fancy goods, clothing, etc., in the [illegible] rooms of Sevier's building, Nos. 43 and 45, [illegible] up stairs. Mr. Mayer imports direct from New York, and can therefore supply the trade here on better terms than those who purchase at second or third hand.

U. S. Cavalry Horses.—Messrs. Ladd & Oppenheimer have a contract to furnish the U. S. service [illegible] horses, with sixty-five cavalry horses, arrived down the river yesterday with fifty-five of the number, under the head of "Made Easy," with [illegible] ensuing results. The constitution, the revolutionary [illegible] Canoe and Hiawatha, are silent as the tomb [illegible] There is no explanation under the [illegible] be considered worth a fig-leaf, except it be the [illegible] under the head of "Made Easy," with [illegible] ensuing results. The constitution, the revolutionary [illegible] Canoe and Hiawatha, are silent as the tomb [illegible] There is no explanation under the [illegible] be considered worth a fig-leaf, except it be the [illegible] of the choice widowed shrew who wears the family [illegible] two of four lots, and twenty-two of the [illegible] and about one-third of the shares [illegible] $500 down to $50. No ticket will [illegible] $100 lot. The purchaser will be [illegible] warranted deed for the lots drawn [illegible] can be made by addressing the [illegible] Oliver, at Astoria.

The Steamer [illegible].—Arrived per steamer *Alert* from [illegible], Thursday, April 18th: 303 boxes apples; [illegible] 50 boxes produce, 30 half bbls do, 1 [illegible] 1,000 sacks flour, 3 bales woolen goods, 2 [illegible] 40 boxes eggs, 100 bags feed, 8 dressed hogs, [illegible] 32 cans do, 4 gunnies, 13 bags wheat.

Mr. [illegible] York.—This gentleman began his course of [illegible] Metropolitan, last evening, at the Theater, [illegible] fearfully and rather pleasantly, quoted a good [illegible] and poetry and challenged anybody and [illegible] questions or to meet him in argument. The lecture to-night will be at Oro Fino Hall.

Rose Hall Club.—The Pioneers are requested to meet [illegible] at the river this afternoon at four o'clock. In case that stormy weather prevents [illegible] to-day, it will be played on the first pleasant day at the same hour and place.

[illegible].—Mr. F. Roman has laid upon our table the Youth's History of California," "The Pacific [illegible] and other late publications. In return, [illegible] our acknowledgements to Mr. Roman's credit, [illegible] and to have, etc.

[illegible] Mr. W. S. Caldwell, who was elected on Monday evening, City Auditor and Clerk of the Council, yesterday, and entered upon the duties of [illegible]

[illegible] Steamer.—The *Cascades* yesterday afternoon, [illegible] large number of passengers, among whom were [illegible] the delegates to the late Union Convention.

A Postponement.—The selling of the *Fidelifter* for [illegible] has been postponed till this afternoon at six [illegible]

[illegible] a bit of difference

To whom you or I,
Are going to buy our Clothing at Berman Bros.,
Boot, hog or die.

The best meals in town, every one should remember, [illegible] daily at the LAFAYETTE RESTAURANT, [illegible] Fire Hall. All the luxuries and delicacies of the season will be found on the table.

[illegible] Todd will commence a course of lectures [illegible] on spiritualism, to continue eight successive [illegible] nights; also on Sunday at 2 o'clock, P. M. This and [illegible] night's in the old Theatre building. The remainder of the lectures will be delivered in Oro Fino Hall.

"Useful and Useful."—Those who study the [illegible] virtue of economy, and at the same time [illegible] are sure to provide themselves with Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors. They [illegible] save the trouble of buying new garments. [illegible] Smith & Davis.

[illegible] tions to the Astoria lot sale are so far [illegible] the distribution has been definitely fixed for [illegible] the 16th day of May. Agents have been [illegible] Agent of the towns, and H. B. Parker, Esq., [illegible] This distribution will take place at the [illegible] the arrangement of the County [illegible] The price of a share is fifty dollars. Among [illegible] is a [illegible] head and three lots worth $5000, [illegible] one you will get for $50. There are also three [illegible] each; six at $300; eight at $200; [illegible] $100; fifty-one at $100; two hundred at [illegible] and [illegible] by the shares consist [illegible] fifty-two of four lots, and twenty-[illegible] each, and about one-third of the shares [illegible] $500 down to $50. No ticket will [illegible] $100 lot. The purchaser will be [illegible] warranted deed for the lots drawn [illegible] can be made by addressing the [illegible] Oliver, at Astoria.

Public Speaking in Washington Territory.

Hon. Alvan Flanders, Union candidate for Delegate to Congress, and S. Garfielde, Esq., will address their fellow citizens at the following times and places, upon the political issues of the day:

Whatcom, Tuesday, April 30, at 7 o'clock P. M.
Coupeville, Wednesday, May 1, at 1 o'clock P. M.
Utsalady, Wednesday, May 1, at 7 o'clock P. M.
Seattle, Thursday, May 2, at 1 o'clock P. M.
Port Orchard, Friday, May 3, at 1 o'clock P. M.
Port Madison, Friday, May 3, at 7 o'clock P. M.
Port Gamble, Saturday, May 4, at 7 o'clock P. M.
Seabeck, Monday, May 6, at 7 o'clock P. M.
Fort Ludlow, Tuesday, May 7, at 12 o'clock M.
Port Townsend, Tuesday, May 7, at 7 o'clock P. M.
Dungeness, Wednesday, May 8, at 2 o'clock P. M.
Steilacoom, Friday, May 10, at 2 o'clock P. M.
Olympia, Saturday, May 11, at 2 o'clock P. M.
Grand Mound, Monday, May 13, at 2 o'clock P. M.
Claquato, Tuesday, May 14, at 2 o'clock P. M.
Cowlitz Prairie, Wednesday, May 15, at 2 o'clock P. M.
Monticello, Thursday, May 16, at 2 o'clock P. M.
Lewis River, Friday, May 17, at 2 o'clock P. M.
Vancouver, Saturday, May 18, at 2 o'clock P. M.
Cascades, Monday, May 20, at 7 o'clock P. M.
Wallula, Thursday, May 23, at 7 o'clock P. M.
Walla Walla, Saturday, May 25, at 2 o'clock P. M.
Waitsburg, Monday, May 27, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Mr. Garfielde will address the people of Stevens county at Pinckney City, on Saturday, June 1st at 2 o'clock P. M.

All are cordially invited to attend.

A FRESH LOT OF CHINOOK SALMON just received at the Union Fish Market, Washington street.

Portland Philharmonic Society.—Regular Rehearsal this (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock. Programme will be made up for next Concert. A full attendance is desired. By order,
EDW. QUACKENBUSH, Sec'y.

TO THE LADIES.—The fair sex will be pleased to learn that Messrs. KOHN & FISHEL are about to remove to the Store lately occupied by the Messrs. WEIL BROS., and that they have on hand a large assortment of DRY GOODS, MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS.

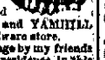
Arrivals at the American Exchange.

WEDNESDAY, April 18, 1867.

T. B. Hall, Wm Robinson, F. Peck, Thos Armstrong, Wm Reff, John Broman, Capt Parkhill, M. H. Dimmick, S. Garfielde, Jared Hurd, H. A. Weiser, H. Parker, J. M. Hedrick, D. S. Baker, A. S. Cummings & wife, Wm M. Armstrong, L. Zigler, Wm Stephens.

C. H. MACK,

DENTIST,



Assisted by J. H. HATCH, D. D. S., Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery.

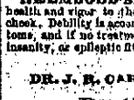
The patronage of those who desire and can appreciate FIRST-CLASS OPERATIONS is especially solicited.

OFFICE—Washington St., corner of Front, Parrish's Block, up stairs.

N. B.—NITROUS OXIDE administered for the extraction of teeth without pain. It is the safest and most agreeable agent for this purpose ever discovered. au30d3awtf

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATHS.



For the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS

The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will Remove the severest Cold. Also,

Warm, Cold and Shower Baths.

Steam or Vapor Baths, $1 00. Warm Baths, 50 cents.

CHAS. F. WIEGAND, Proprietor,
Parrish's Brick,
Washington street, near Front, Portland, Oregon.
se6d1f

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU gives health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity, or epileptic fits ensue.

DR. J. B. CARTWELL,

Dentist.

DENTAL ROOMS,

No. 89 First Street, Portland, Oregon.
fe1 d3ptf

FOR NON-RETENTION or INCONTINENCE of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation, or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostrate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick dust deposits, and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings,

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

PARKER & STEVENS,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS-AT-LAW.

Particular attention given to civil and criminal cases in all the courts of Washington Territory, Idaho Territory and Oregon.

Land business in all its various departments promptly attended to.

Collections made without delay.

H. PARKER, Notary Public, Commissioner of Deeds for Oregon, California, Idaho, and other States and Territories.

Walla Walla, W. T., Feb. 22, 1867. mh1

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from the injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

WM. KOEHLER,

DENTIST.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE removed to the South-west corner of FRONT and YAMHILL Streets, opposite E. J. Northrup's Hardware store.

Appreciating the most Liberal Patronage by my friends and the public generally, during my residence in this city, I hope and take pleasure by diligent attention and Scientific Treatment to see the same continued as heretofore.

N. B.—To strangers I would say, that a constantly increasing Dental Practice for the last 5 years in this city, will be a sufficient guarantee for them to receive a First-Class and Finished Piece of Work. Numerous testimonials to this fact can be given at the Office.

Dental Consultation and Advice Free of Charge to all. mch7d1f

S. W. COOL,

Office, Carter's New Building,
Corner of Front and Alder Streets. dec31d3ptf

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

Is a certain cure for diseases of the
BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY,
and all diseases of the
URINARY ORGANS,
whether existing in
MALE OR FEMALE,
from whatever cause originating and no matter of
HOW LONG STANDING.

Directions of these organs require the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,

and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by
H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
mh23d1m

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.

THE GREAT FAMILY MEDICINE OF THE AGE!

Pain Killer taken internally, should be adulterated with milk or water, and sweetened with sugar if desired, or made into a syrup with molasses. For a cough, a few drops on sugar eaten will be more effective than anything else. For sore throat, gargle the throat with a mixture of Pain Killer and water, and relief is immediate and the cure positive.

It should not be forgotten that the Pain Killer is equally as good to take internally as to use externally. Each bottle is wrapped with full directions for its use. Dyspepsia can be and is cured every day by the use of Perry Davis' Pain Killer. This is the most wonderful and valuable medicine ever known for this disease. Its action upon the system is entirely different from any other preparation known. The patient, while taking this medicine, may eat anything the appetite craves. Sold by all medicine dealers. mh20dawlm

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR

Are regained by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

Bronchitis or Chronic Sore Throat.—It is attended with irritation of the bronchial tubes, which convey the air we breathe into the lungs. The irritation produces sore throat, hoarseness, coughing, and sometimes spitting of matter streaked with blood. If it is neglected it will extend down to the lungs, and settles into confirmed consumption. ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM will be found a most valuable remedy for curing this disease, and prevent its running into the consumption. For sale by dealers in family medicine generally. ja20

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

☞ The Best Remedy for Purifying the Blood, Strengthening the Nerves, Restoring the Lost Appetite, is—

FRESEE'S HAMBURG TEA.

It is the best preservative against almost any sickness, if used timely. Composed of herbs only, it can be safely given to infants. Full directions in English, French, Spanish and German, with every package. THY IT!!

For sale at all the wholesale and retail drug stores and groceries. EMIL FRESEE, Wholesale Druggist,
Sole Agent, 410 Clay Street,
San Francisco
jy5d6opwly

DIED:

In this city, on the 18th inst., of putrid sore throat, Matilda, youngest daughter of Frederick and Katharina Black, aged two weeks.

The funeral will take place to-day at 3 o'clock from the corner of Ash and Second streets. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

CHAS. HODGE.....CHAS. E. CALEF.....GEO. W. SNELL.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs and Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOW GLASS,

VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PAINTERS' MATERIALS

And Druggists' Sundries,

97 Front Street,
Portland, Oregon.
nov d3ptf

COAL OIL!

500 CASES DEVOE'S AND RAYNOLDS, PRATT & CO.'S, at the LOWEST MARKET RATES FOR CASH.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,
Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Oils,
oct6d2ptf 97 Front Street, Portland.

For Sale--To Let--Wants.

Wanted.

10 HARNESS MAKERS, IMMEDIATELY, AT

S. SHERLOCK & CO.'S,
52 Front street, Portland, Oregon.
ap18d2ptf

Farms for Sale.

A FARM OF 340 ACRES, WITHIN TWO MILES of Oregon City, for sale at a very reasonable price.

ALSO, A FARM OF 320 ACRES, thirteen miles from Portland, on the Base's Ferry road. Terms easy.

Apply at the Washington Hotel, corner of Second and Alder streets, Portland, Oregon,
April 16th, 1867. dtf J. KOENIG.

For Sale or Rent.

160 ACRES OF GOOD FARMING LAND, WITH the best RACE COURSE in the State, situated two and a half miles east of this place. Will sell or rent cheap. Enquire of
L. M. STARR.
Portland, March 18, 1867. dtf

Farm For Sale.

320 ACRES OF GOOD FARMING LAND SITUated five miles east of this city, in a good neighborhood. Will be sold low for cash. Enquire at this office. jan30tf

Seeds! Seeds!

GARDEN SEEDS! GRASS SEEDS!
FLOWER SEEDS!

Established 1857. JOHN O'CONNOR, Established 1857.
No. 90 First St.,

HAS on hand a complete assortment of Seeds of the crop of 1866, which are now offered to all who have occasion to purchase seeds, reminding them that from good seed only can good vegetables be obtained.

All Seeds warranted FRESH and GENUINE.

Orders by mail or express will receive prompt attention.

NOTICE.—Consignment of ONIONS for sale, to arrive per *Alert*, one ton of a No. 1 TOP ONIONS (or ONION SETTS) will be sold in quantities to suit purchasers.

Also:

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES!

Foreign and Domestic, Dried and Green.

ORANGES, LIMES, LEMONS, APPLES, and CALIFORNIA GRAPES and PEACHES in season.

☞ Green Fruit and Vegetables carefully packed for shipment.

FRESH SMYRNA FIGS, FRENCH PRUNES, CALIFORNIA DRIED PLUMS and PEACHES.

NUTS!

ALMONDS, PEA-NUTS, FILBERTS, WALNUTS, &c.

GROCERIES!

A selected stock of choice Groceries expressly for family use, all of which are offered at the lowest cash prices.

JOHN O'CONNOR,
No. 90 First street,
Portland, Oregon.
mh23d1f

Valuable Works!

HAVING obtained the General Agency of W. H. Shaw for the following highly popular works, the undersigned is ready to employ ADDITIONAL AGENTS to canvass in OREGON, WASHINGTON, IDAHO, and BRITISH COLUMBIA, to sell

THE AMERICAN CONFLICT

The best gotten up and most reliable history of the war. Its great popularity [illegible] where admitted, even by the author's political opponents.

THE DOMESTIC BIBLE!

FINE, LARGE FAMILY BIBLE with improved readings, Illustrated Reflections and Questions, Concordance, Contents and Photograph Department. Engravings by hundreds and References by thousands. Fine Maps, etc.

FLEA-WOOD'S Life of Christ!

BEAUTIFUL. ILLUSTRATED.

These are books of great value. Some of the most successful canvassing has been done on this coast. Over 500 orders for one of the above works taken in one county in Oregon. Territory for any number of agents.

Address JOSEPH HANSON, Postoffice box, or call at corner of ——— street, Albany, or on PARRISH & ATKINSON, No. 11 Morrison street, Portland, Oregon.

apldawtf

Agents Wanted

TO INTRODUCE BY SUBSCRIPTION

THE ILLUSTRATED

HISTORY OF THE BIBLE!

BY JOHN KITTO, D. D., F. S. A.

THIS is emphatically and in the best sense of the term a popular Book. The orders for it have already reached the large number of more than FIFTY THOUSAND, and the demand is still unabated. The Work is ably written, and the numerous Engravings and Beautifully Colored Maps attract attention.

We give to each Agent exclusive right of sale in a county.

For circulars, terms of Agency, etc., apply direct to the Publishers' Depot.

FRANCIS DEWING & CO.,
ap4d2m3p 418 Montgomery St., San Francisco.

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UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.

Through to Sacramento in 6 days,

CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL

AND

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

FARE REDUCED.

H. W. CORBETT & CO., Proprietors.

A DAILY LINE OF STAGES will leave Portland office every morning at 6 o'clock, passing through the Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River valleys, through Mining towns of Southern Oregon and Northern California, connecting with the Railroad at Oroville for Sacramento.

Office of the Company at Arrigoni's Hotel.

Portland, April 10, 1867. R. G. WHITEHOUSE, Agent. apl1d1f

Card.

CONGRESS AT ITS LAST SESSION HAVING passed a BANKRUPT LAW, it is now within the power of every man, that is hopelessly in debt, to free himself from the press of debts which cramp his action, and which he is wholly unable otherwise to discharge. The District Court of the United States, which sits alone in the city of Portland, has, under this law, an exclusive jurisdiction of all cases in Bankruptcy. The undersigned have procured a copy of the law and are ready, as soon as a Register is appointed, to attend promptly to procuring discharges in Bankruptcy for all who may feel disposed to favor them with their patronage.

☞ Also attention paid to procuring LETTERS PATENT FOR NEW INVENTIONS.

MITCHELL, DOLPH & SMITH,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Portland, Oregon.
ap15d2w;23:0m

Mrs. Dr. Mary A. Thomson,

ELECTRICIAN AND ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN.

THE ELECTROPATHIC METHOD OF TREATMENT is especially adapted to Chronic diseases, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cancers, Paralysis and Epileptic Fits. Special attention given to Female Complaints.

Mrs. Thomson has a very superior Inhalator to vaporize the Lungs and Bronchial organs.

OFFICE at the residence of J. W. Cook, on First and Ash streets. Office hours from 10 to 8 P. M. jan12d3m

W. LAIR HILL. M. F. MULKEY.

HILL & MULKEY,

Attorneys-at-Law,

WILL GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO PROCEEDINGS IN BANKRUPTCY under the Bankrupt Law recently enacted by Congress.

ap11d3awtf OFFICE, FRONT ST., Portland.

For Sale.

AN OLD ESTABLISHED SALOON!

THE OWNER WISHING TO ENGAGE IN ANOTHER business will dispose of it on a bargain.

For particulars enquire corner of Front and Main St.

M. KELLER

ap16d3t

Notice.

E. M. BURTON is admitted a partner in the firm of J. L. PARRISH & Co., to date from January 5th, 1867, the former firm of J. L. Parrish & Co. assuming all liabilities and the collection of all debts due said company.

J. L. PARRISH,
E. M. BURTON.

Continuing the former firm of J. L. Parrish & Co.

J. L. PARRISH & CO.,

IMPORTERS

AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

BLANK BOOKS, SCHOOL BOOKS,

LAW, MEDICAL AND

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

AND

Printers' Inks, Cards and Papers.

A FULL AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF

STATIONERY

always on hand.

NEW GOODS ARRIVING BY EVERY STEAMER FROM NEW YORK AND ENGLAND.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF

LEROY W. FAIRCHILD & CO.'S

CELEBRATED GOLD PENS.

Every Pen sold warranted well made and perfect.

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF

GEORGE WOSTENHOLM & SON'S

CELEBRATED I. X. L. CUTLERY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE STATE FOR W. W. HARDINGE'S Very Superior "Chain Back"

Photograph Albums,

Which for BEAUTY and DURABILITY are not equalled by any other manufactured.

PROPRIETORS OF THOSE JUSTLY CELEBRATED "Spencerian"

Letter, Note, Legal Cap and Foolscap PAPERS,

These papers are a New Brand, which we have manufactured expressly for our trade, and are far superior to any article heretofore offered to the public.

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF P. & J. ARNOLD'S CELEBRATED

WRITING FLUID AND COPYING INK.

Persons purchasing from us can at all times rely upon getting the GENUINE ARTICLE.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

THADDEUS DAVID'S

LIMPID WRITING FLUID, GALLIC AND BLACK INKS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE STATE FOR

Appleton's AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA, AND

Appleton's ANNUAL CYCLOPEDIA.

OUR STOCK OF

Blank Books and Stationery

is better selected and more complete than that of any other house on the Pacific Coast.

Our facilities for purchasing Goods are unsurpassed, and enables us to give better terms to our customers than they can possibly get from other dealers.

AGENTS FOR THE

"FLORENCE REVERSIBLE FEED"

Sewing Machines.

These Machines make four different stitches on one side the same machine, are very simply constructed, and NEVER GET OUT OF ORDER.

We warrant every Machine for ten years.

J. L. PARRISH & CO.,
Front street, Portland.
ja30d1f

PACIFIC

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

CASH CAPITAL $750,000
SURPLUS, JAN'Y 1, '67 411,064
CASH ASSETS $1,161,064

All Losses paid immediately in United States Gold Coin.

OCEAN,

MARINE,

AND

INLAND

INSURANCE.

THE PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY having arranged with Messrs. BIGELOW & BROTHER for the transfer of all the business of the Fire Insurance Companies lately represented by them, is now prepared to offer to all parties formerly insured by said companies, equally good terms and prompt payment of losses, in United States gold coin.

Mr. H. H. BIGELOW will be the General Agent for this company from this date.

Directors Pacific Insurance Company:

SAN FRANCISCO,	Charles Mayne,	Charles Meyer,
Louis McLane,	Moses Ellis,	J. D. Fry,
W. C. Ralston,	E. L. Goldstein,	M. Rosenbaum,
A. L. Tubbs,	W. T. Coleman,	H. H. Bigelow,
Wm. Alvord,	J. O. Earl,	T. Lemon Meyer.
Frederick Billings,	Lloyd Tevis,	SACRAMENTO.
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H. M. Newhall,	A. Hayward,	VIRGINIA, NEVADA.
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Officers:

JONA. HUNT, President,
A. J. RALSTON, Secretary,
C. A. LATON, Marine Secretary,
H. H. BIGELOW, Gen'l Agent.

LADD & TILTON,

General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.

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J. B. UNDERWOOD ..... Eugene.
S. P. CHADWICK ..... Roseburg.
JOHNSON & McCOWEN ..... Oregon City.
CUMMING & GRANT ..... Dalles.
J. H. BLEWITT ..... Walla Walla.
Jan. 20, 1867.

S. SHERLOCK & CO.,

52 Front St., Portland,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

SADDLES!

BRIDLES, WHIPS,
DOUBLE & SINGLE BUGGY HARNESS,
EXPRESS AND DRAY HARNESS,
MULE HARNESS,
TEAM COLLARS,

Hill's Concord Stage Harness!

HARNESS LEATHER, SKIRTING,
APPARAJO and SKIRTING LEATHER,
CALIFORNIA TREES,
ENAMELED DUCKING
SHEEP SKINS,
SEAGE LASHES,
WHALEBONE STALKS, &c.

Importing direct from the East, we offer all the advantages obtained in the San Francisco market. A large and well assorted stock constantly on hand. mh30d3p

A FINE LOT OF FAT AND FRESH

SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS!

Just received at THE GEM.
nov1d1f

Miscellaneous.

HARKER & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

ARE now prepared to offer to the trade the undermentioned articles, all of which have been purchased before the recent advance in prices:

150 bbls STANDARD CRUSHED SUGAR,
100 hf bbls CRUSHED SUGAR,
150 boxes POWDERED SUGAR,
100 bbls YELLOW D SUGAR,
250 hf bbls YELLOW C SUGAR,
200 hf bbls NO. 1 ISLAND SUGAR,
100 hf bbls NO. 2 ISLAND SUGAR,
50 bbls GRANULATED SUGAR,
400 boxes CANDLES,
300 kegs HEAVY GOLDEN SYRUP,
100 kegs CALIFORNIA SYRUP,
200 cases COAL OIL,
200 boxes CASTILE OLIVE SOAP,
100 boxes COLGATE PALE SOAP,
150 boxes PORTLAND SOAP,
50 boxes CASTILE SOAP,
100 boxes DABBITT'S SALERATUS,
50 boxes SODA,
100 boxes GENUINE BRIER of the UNION TOBACCO,
100 boxes assorted NATURAL LEAF TOBACCO,
50 boxes EXTRA LIGHT PRESSED TOBACCO,
200 cases ASSORTED SPICES,
100 chests ASSORTED JAPAN TEA,
100 bags EXTRA RIO COFFEE,
50 bags COSTA RICA COFFEE,
50 bags MANILLA COFFEE,
25 bags OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA COFFEE,
100 mats CHINA RICE,
150 bags PATNA RICE,
100 boxes PURE STARCH,
50 boxes CORN STARCH,
50 boxes FARINA,
100 bags CALIFORNIA DRIED PEACHES,
150 cases OYSTERS,
300 reams WRAPPING PAPER,
100 coils MANILLA ROPE,
200 bags GROUND CARMAN ISLAND SALT,
200 bags DAIRY SALT,
50 gunnies TABLE SALT,
25 cases GREEN CORN,
25 cases GREEN PEAS,
25 cases FRESH TOMATOES,
25 cases FRESH PEACHES,
25 cases ASSORTED PIE FRUITS,
25 cases ASSORTED JELLIES,
50 boxes CREAM TARTAR,
20 cases OLIVE OIL,
20 gross YEAST POWDERS,
25 gross BLUEING,
20 bbls HEAVY GOLDEN SYRUP,
20 hf bbls HEAVY GOLDEN SYRUP,
20 hf bbls PURE CIDER VINEGAR,
20 cases AXLE GREASE,
20 cases PEARL BARLEY,
50 boxes ZANTE CURRANTS,
100 boxes FRESH LAYER RAISINS,
25 mats CALIFORNIA TUBS,
50 dozen BROOMS,
25 dozen CALIFORNIA PAILS,
25 dozen CALIFORNIA WASHBOARDS,
25 cases SPLIT PEAS,
50 cases TOMATO CATSUP,
30 cases PRUNES,
25 cases DRIED PLUMS,
50 cases GROUND COFFEE,
50 kits MACKEREL,
10 bales GUNNY BAGS,
50 boxes WASHING POWDER,
25 bales HOMINY,
200 kegs ASSORTED NAILS,
200 bags ASSORTED SHOT,
150 cases KENTUCKY RIFLE POWDER,
20 kegs BAR LEAD.

All the articles warranted of the very best quality, and will be offered for CASH at a little above San Francisco importer's prices.

HARKER & CO.,
Fire Proof Building, No. 43 Front street,
mar19tf One block below Arrigoni's Hotel.

WEATHERFORD

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

VARNISHES,

And a GENERAL VARIETY OF

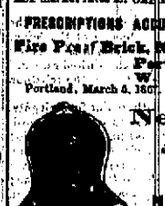
Patent Medicines.

Goods sold at WHOLESALE or RETAIL at the LOWEST market rates for CASH ONLY.

PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED.

Fire Proof Brick, No. 139 Front St.,
Portland.

W. WEATHERFORD.
Portland, March 5, 1867. mch5d1awtf



New Goods!

JUST OPENING

AT THE

NEW STORES

OF

HUNGREN & SHINDLER

NOS. 166 TO 172 FIRST ST.

FURNITURE direct from Eastern Manufacturers. Complete Assortment. The Trade supplied on Liberal Terms.

FULL AND OTHER MATERIALS for Bedding.

UPHOLSTERING and CABINET WORK made to order.

3-WHEELED CHILDREN'S CABS at unusually low rates.

IMPERIAL FILLING—a New, Elastic and Pure article for Mattresses.

Some Day

You smooth the tangles from my hair
With gentlest touch and tenderest care
And count the years-ere you shall mark
Bright silver threads among the dark—
Smiling the while to hear me say
"You'll think of this again some day!—
Some day!"

I do not scorn the power of time,
Nor count on years of fateless prime,
But no white gloom will ever shine
Among those heavy locks of mine,
Ay! laugh as gaily as you may
You'll think of this again some day—
Some day!

Some day I shall not feel as now,
Your soft hands move about my brow;
I shall not slight your light caresses,
And draw your tresses through my fingers;
I shall be silent and obey—
And you—you will laugh that day—
Some day!

I know how long your loving hands
Will linger with those glossy bands,
When you shall weave my latest crown
Of their thick rows, long and brown,
But you will see no touch of gray
Adorn their shining length that day—
Some day!

And while your tears are falling hot
Upon the lips which answer not
You'll take from them one treasured tress
And leave the rest to silentness—
Remember that I used to say,
"You'll think of this again some day—
Some day!"

FLOODS IN THE WEST AND SOUTHWEST

Water, Water Everywhere.

[From the St Louis Democrat, March 18th]

From our exchanges now arriving from the scenes of the great overflows, we clip the following account of the great overwhelm which now covers all the lowlands of the vast Mississippi Valley:

AT LOUISVILLE.

[From the Courier, March 12th]

The river last evening was at a stand at this point, having risen but one foot since eight o'clock in the morning. Since the previous evening, however, it had continued steadily rising at the rate of half an inch per hour The weather was trying to clear off during the morning, but in the evening it was cloudy, with light rain, and the indications favored more rain last night.

The present stage of the water is fully ten inches higher than the late flood tide of February, and about equal to the flood of 1865. It is also below the high water of 1862-63, and it is instantaneously eight feet six inches below the high water mark of the great flood of 1847.

All the low lands are submerged, all the residents of the city along Water street and the cross streets have been driven from their homes now nearly a month, and much suffering, exposure and destitution is entailed upon hundreds of families.

GREEN RIVER.

[From the Evansville Courier, March 12th]

We are informed that the water is now four feet deep on the first floor of the mammoth tobacco warehouse at Sanger's Landing, on Green river, or about five or six feet higher than ever before known at that point. E. G. Van Riper has about 250,000 pounds of tobacco in the building, and it took brisk work to get it off the first floods before the water caught it.

AT NASHVILLE.

[From the Union and Times, March 7]

At 9 15 o'clock last evening, three spans of the bridge at Bridgeport gave way and floated away, and six others were swept away this morning. There is no expectation of saving the remaining five spans on this side, as the freshet was rising late in the afternoon at the rate of one inch an hour. It is reported that one of the watchmen at the bridge was drowned.

The news was received by Col. Innis yesterday, that two bridges between Bass station and Slaven son had given way, and that the neighborhood was a vast inland sea

Colonel Innis also received from Atlanta via New Orleans, a reply to one of his telegrams, stating that two bridges on the Western and Atlanta Railroad, between Ruff's and Adairsville were gone, that 775 feet of the bridge at Resaca had been swept away; that the latest advices reported heavy rains at Chattanooga on Sunday, attended by a further rise; that telegraphic communication was intact as far as Kingsgold; and that every indication made it probable that Chattanooga, from which place nothing could be heard directly or with certainty, was pretty well submerged. The telegram also stated that the road between Atlanta and Augusta had been badly washed, but was yet in running order.

Large quantities of corn and pork and stocks of fodder and hay are afloat to have lain in the Tennessee river bottoms, all of which are presumed to be lost, with the fences surrounding the farms and many dwellings and barns. It is greatly feared that the details of the inundation in East Tennessee will show a heavy sacrifice of human as well as brute life.

NASHVILLE AND DECATUR RAILROAD.

We are glad to say that the late great flood has not in any way injured the Nashville and Decatur Railroad, and as the Memphis and Charleston Railroad is in good order passengers for Memphis, Vicksburg, Mobile, New Orleans and all intermediate points can rely on going through promptly.

THE FLOOD AT NASHVILLE.

The Cumberland at this point is still going up The water rose nine inches during Sunday night, and about six inches Monday At five o'clock yesterday evening half an inch per hour was the upward gain At the upper landing, adjacent to Broad street, the water laved with its ripples the base of two or three warehouses there. Sunday morning, two or three drays might have been driven abreast along the slopes of the levee without touching the water. The present rise is still some twelve inches below the flood of 1865, and about four feet below that of 1847, during which deluge steamers sailed far up Broad street to the foot of the slope to discharge their cargoes. It is reported that a fifteen foot rise is on the way down from Monticello.—This would make a rise of about four feet here. The report, however, is ill credited, and we hope with foundation. The addition of four feet more water to the swollen tide of the Cumberland would be productive of an immense amount of de ruction.

Already there are fully 3,000 acres of land overflowed in Nashville and vicinity, and at least one thousand families have been driven into the upper stories of their dwellings. The flats along the East Branch present the appearance of a small lake, running back close to the Chattanooga depot. The surface of the water is diversified with several floating houses, and here with a portion of the roof and chimneys just visible. Sulphur water is a premium, the spring being something like a dozen or fifteen feet under the present flood.

A good portion of Smoky Row is undergoing a salutary purification, and at least the tenements of scores of houses in this fashionable locality will receive the benefit of a thorough soaking. Boats and rafts on the North Nashville backwater are numerous, and pleasure riding is the order of the day.

At the lower landing the water has pushed clear over the street and set around the foundations of the warehouse of the Lake Kingston Ice Company. Across the river, scores of houses are deluged in Edgefield, many families having been driven from their dwellings, others occupying the upper stories and garrets, visiting terra firma for supplies by means of a dug out.

Several of the cotton factories, with warehouses in this portion of the city, have been actively engaged for two days past in removing to a less dangerous position, the flood threatening to inundate the ground floor of their storehouses are located. Hundreds of people visited the higher portions of the city yesterday to get a view of the broad expanse of water which surrounds the city. The suspension bridge and the Capitol were the favorite points for the sight-seers

The river at a late hour last night was rising very slowly, and it is thought by most everyone that it will have reached its maximum by this morning.

AT MEMPHIS.

[From the Bulletin, March 9th]

The lower Mississippi is at a very high stage, and sweeping all before it The levee twelve miles below Memphis gave way last Thursday, flooding several plantations Cattle are being drowned in every direction, and houses and ware houses are submerged. The Mississippi and St Francis rivers extend over the low lands from above Helena down to Lake Providence The waters are running through the lower part of Helena with great violence, and the citizens of that place were forced to flee safety on the wharf boats, flat boats and crafts of every description. It is painful to witness the destruction caused by the great overflow. From Columbus down to the Ballze, the wild waste of waters have no visible boundaries The plantations are submerged, with the houses and stock surrounded by water and in danger of being washed away. The plantations between Memphis and Vicksburg are nearly all overflowed The Vicksburg packet *Dan. Able* was compelled to put her freight in small boats. At some places the river is from ten to fifteen miles wide, and we fear will terminate in much loss of property.

IN ILLINOIS AND INDIANA.

One of our exchanges has the following

We continue to hear of damage by the floods The loss of property by the great overflow at Wilmington, Illinois, is estimated at over $100,000

The freshet on the Illinois river is greater than has been known for thirteen years We hear of bridges being carried away in many places. There is not a river or creek in Illinois that is not booming We learn that the wagon bridge at Lasalle and Peru are gone, and that nearly every bridge in that region is more or less damaged The low lands everywhere are covered with water.

The Wabash river last Sunday week was near eight miles wide The bottom country has been entirely submerged, to the great destruction of all kinds of property Families have been driven from their homes, and are now encamping upon adjacent hills, while their homes are filled with water

THE KENTUCKY RIVER.

[From a Frankfort letter, dated March 12th, in the Louisville Courier.]

The Kentucky river is higher now than it has been since the great flood of 1847 It rose four feet last night, and, from the drift which is now running, old river men say that we may look for at least three feet more It rained here incessantly all last night

A large portion of the city north of the railroad is now inundated The turnpike between here and Lawrenceburg is in many places under water and impassable

The river here early this morning was covered with hay, shocks of corn, new rails, hen coops, etc, showing that the rise above must have been tremendous and sudden

P. S. 3½ P M—The river is now two inches higher than it was in 1847 It is now rising at the rate of three inches per hour.

[From the Courier, March 13th]

The city, seen from the river, presents a curious appearance The water is in the second stories of most of the houses along the levee, while Shippingsport, the Point and other localities are entirely submerged, and their position only to be defined by the houses and house tops projecting from the rapidly flowing stream In the upper portion of the city the sawmills are all under water nearly to the roofs of most of them, and all the lumber yards and frame shanties are afloat. Bear Grass creek and the river are blended into one stream, with all the Bear Grass bridges several feet under water The rolling mill is some ten feet down, and the waves are laving the bank within a couple of feet of the gas works Down the river further the stream has left only a small landing place at the foot of Third street, at which steamboats are huddled together, loading and unloading their freights

In all the storm streets below Third the water extends up nearly half the square—reaching nearly up to Gray's alley on Fourth street—the nearly up to being close up to the ceiling in Ben Durrett's store Wherever the steamboats could find landings, they availed themselves of them. One boat, a Kentucky river packet, was landing her freight up the alley between Fifth and Sixth streets, and other boats were landing at Tenth street, Thirteenth street, near the canal bridge, and other points favorable The canal and river were blended in one stream—the intervening slip of land being entirely under water. On the Island formed between the canal and river the only dry spot left was immediately at the canal bridge—the Louisville garden. All the rest was under the flood, and the eye had an uninterrupted water view from the canal bridge to New Albany.

AT NEW ALBANY.

[From the New Albany Commercial, March 12th]

The river is now very high at this place The lamp posts along Water street stand far out in the river, with the water nearly up to their tops Some of them have been broken down with drift logs The railroad track and turntable, near the wharf boat, are under water, the most of the houses from Upper Fourth to Lower First street, have been vacated Capt Reamer's mammoth warehouse, against which steamers now land, is above water a foot or more, but it may yet be compelled to go under before the river falls.

The country from here to the mouth of the Ohio, has been flooded for about four weeks, and the people need not expect relief for two or three weeks to come With the river so high, so many houses half covered, corn cribs, barns, stables and fences deep in the water, a heavy wind at this time would do a vast amount of damage, setting nearly everything in the low ground afloat The steamers can lay at but few places along the shore The mail, passengers and light freight are frequently sent ashore in the yawl Sometimes, with great hazard, skiffs go from the shore to mail boats.

AT CINCINNATI

[From the Gazette, 14th.]

There is every reason to believe that we may expect an extraordinary rise in the Ohio very soon. It is higher, by nearly eighteen inches, than it was during the last rise, in the latter part of February.

The highest flood ever known was that of 1832, when the water was 63 feet in the channel, the next highest was that of 1847, which was but little less than that figure Since that period we have had three floods, that of February, 1850, when it rose to 58½ feet, of January, 1853, when it reached 60 feet 11 inches; that of March, 1865, when it was 56 feet 3 inches. At the last rise, in February of this year, it attained the hight of 54 feet 1 inch

At dark last evening there were 55 feet in the channel, and still rising at the rate of one-half inch per hour. It is possible that it will be rising more rapidly to-day.

The lower stories of all the buildings from the Little Miami depot are overflowed, and in some cases the water reaches almost to the ceilings, nearly all the boat yards on the river front are half or more covered with water, while the elevators at various points have ceased to work.

The cellars which open into the sewers are all partially filled with water as far up as Columbia street, and hundreds of men are employed in removing articles stored there from the flood The damage done in this way will not be so large, however, as it would have been had not the proprietors of stores taken time by the forelock and been prepared for the swelling waters.

The Ohio and Mississippi Railroad track is all right yet, and the trains come in as usual, but if the waters continue to swell, this will not be the condition of affairs very long.

The Illinois Central Railroad has thus far been kept open by the operations of two or three steam engines and about the same number of syphon pumps. Should the river continue to rise, however, it will be utterly impossible to keep the track open.

The lower portion of Sixth street is several feet under water, and the floor of the bridge is overflowed. There is now no travel over the street west of Freeman. The number of houses in the West End which have been rendered uninhabitable will exceed one hundred. Many of those near the Mill creek bridge are in the water up to their second stories. The occupants, however, have generally managed to save their valuables.

Harrison avenue, as yet, is above water, and a further rise of about two feet will be required to submerge any portion of it The Hamilton and Dayton Railroad track is high and dry

Millcreek bottom, in the direction of Cumminsville, is one vast lake, and a large number of houses are deep in the water.

The suburbs of Pendleton and of the Seventeenth Ward have thus far escaped additional material damage consequent to the still rapidly rising river. A few occupants of small houses upon the river banks have been compelled to abandon them, and a number of residences fronting on the extreme of East Front street, near Torrence road, may yet have to be vacated None of the workshops, however, are yet compelled to close up.

We understand that the water has partially covered the first floor of the Water Works engine building, but so far it has not done material damage.

KENTUCKY

In Newport, one of our sister cities, the flood yesterday extended up Isabella street to Jefferson, and covers Bellevue and Madison streets for about a square and a half Communication with the Newport and Covington bridge is entirely cut off, except by skiffs, many of which are plying up and down Bellevue and Isabella streets The water is on the first floor of probably a hundred houses in that quarter of the city bordering on Licking, but we have observed none of the families moving as yet Wolf's foundry is nearly surrounded by water, and the bridge over Taylor's creek, between Newport and Jamestown, is covered, thus cutting off all communication between the two places, except by skiffs Taylor's Flats are of course submerged, and the back water extends up to Alexandria pike

Multnomah Lodge No. 12, I. O. G. T.—Holds Regular Meetings at 7½ o'clock on Saturday evenings of each week All members in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W C T

Crystal Lodge No. 19, I. O. G. T.—Meets on Tuesday evening of each week at 7 o clock All members of the Order in good standing are invited to attend By order of the sau7 J T

Portland Lodge No. 30, I. O. G. T.—Meets on Wednesday evening of each week at 7½ o'clock. All members of the Order in good standing are invited to attend By order of the jy1 W C T

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties

Portland R. A. C. No. 3.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month at Masonic Hall, No 10 North Front street By order of M E H P.

VANCOUVER CORRESPONDENCE

The Cops in Conclave.

VANCOUVER, W T., April 17, 1867

EDITOR OREGONIAN:

The great event of the day, after proclaiming with most violent enthusiasm the Hon Henry Miles permanent President of the Copper Bottomed Convention, has been the trial of the speed and muscle of the eight or ten men who are anxious to use themselves up in the races of next June The regular old secessionists—those who had stood up always and every where for "Davis, Lee and Beauregard," who had drank their health at the bar of every saloon from Lewiston to Port Townsend—seemed famishing for the sweet pabulum of secession oratory, and refused to wait even until the committee resolutions had reported a platform for the orators to endorse It was only a reversal of the order—merely swallowing the hog and killing him afterwards—a very pleasant process surely

First came Mr Longford, who leaped at once onto the Constitution, and proceeded to announce the astute conclusion that everything contrary to the Constitution is unconstitutional This wonderful discovery was cheered to the echo by such constitutional lawyers as Frost, Mike Simmons, and Pollock, but when the honorable gentleman declared that "the acts of secession of the States were revolutionary," his statement was received with grim silence He held that the States in rebellion remained in the Union, and that Congress is revolutionary and rebellious in refusing to admit any representations they send to its halls The Civil Rights bill he denounced as revolutionary When the fine frenzy of the orator had exhausted itself, and he sat down, he was cheered to his seat by the tumultuous clatter of his own heels, and the vociferous silence of the convention

Next came the "Orphan Boy." The poor, friendless child was solaced somewhat by few kindly tears which assured him that if he could only endure the first shock of embarrassment to his young and tender heart, he might hope to be relieved from the disagreeable necessity of seeking a precarious subsistence from the clams and flounders of Puget Sound. But it was soon evident that he had recovered from the loss of his father Dashing a tear from his eyelid, as though he scorned pathos, with a six-inch wimeter well in hand, he placed himself all around the temple of Democracy, and declared his intention to defend it from the bloody hands which were striving, and had been striving, to tumble it down. His attitudes were absolutely terrible. He was resolved to vindicate the memory of his father, who fought and bled and died for his country long, long before the poor "orphan" was born. His tone and look then softened He "could not be harsh with his Southern brethren who had fought for opinion's sake, goaded on by the cruelty of the North" "They are our brothers and equals" He then shook his only head defiantly at the woolly pate of the nigger. He would rebel against laws conferring civil rights on niggers Didn't want the "orphan boys" progeny to go to school with a little nigger The closing paragraph of the orphan's speech reminded me forcibly of the fierce cannibalism of Sidney Smith:

"O if I were a Cassowary,
On the plains of Timbuctoo,
I could eat a Missionary—
Flesh and bones and hymn book too"

Mr Dugan, evidently resolved to be more democratic than the preceding speakers, took the stand. Besides all that the others had said, he made a raid on the National banks, tore up the National bonds, refused to endorse Andy Johnson because he signed the death warrant of Mrs. Surratt At this, some conservative chaps dropped their faces about a foot The "Public Printer" especially, looked long and carefully upon the floor, as much as to say, "and is it for this that I endorsed 'my policy?' Is Andy to be slain now in the house of his friends?" But the copper of the thoroughly-fastened old Democrats brightened under the pleasing fiction, and they finally boiled on with glee.

After Mr. Dugan, a modest looking young man called, I believe, Vanscriclo, took the stand and said that the speeches of the great constitutional lawyers who had preceded him had demoralized him to a very damaging extent He thought they must be candidates for President of the United States and not for Delegate from the Territory of Washington

The course of the debate on the adoption of the platform showed clearly the temper of the body Several gentlemen were "not prepared to admit that the rebels made war upon the United States." The Convention evidently endorsed the rebellion with all its heart

At the close of the eleventh ballot for delegate, Judge Dennehy was invited to define his position, which he did by declaring his opposition to everything except a certain fossilized Democrat of the days of Jackson, residing on Lewis river. He had been before the Convention many times, but had never sought anything. Dugan wanted to know how he stood in relation to Johnson The Johnson resolution was read to the Judge, and his knees slightly trembled. He first endorsed him and then he didn't. If everybody isn't suited with that, certainly the Judge is not to blame Here the game now rests, to be opened again, when aspirants can make further combination. OBSERVER.

The Republican Union Convention has just nominated for Delegate to Congress from this Territory) A. Flanders, of Walla Walla county.

Few contests so hotly waged end so satisfactorily. Mr. Flanders is a new man in the politics of Washington Territory, though not a new man in the political struggles of the Union party. He came to this coast in 1851, and for a number of years resided in San Francisco, were he co operated with such men as Baker in the organization of the first Republican club of that city. In 1858 in connection with O A Washburn, he started the San Francisco *Daily Times*, which did gallant battle for republicanism He was also a Representative of San Francisco in the Legislature of California, where he served his city with such repute as to secure a re-election once or twice. By Lincoln he was appointed to a position in the United States Branch Mint, and afterwards as Register of the Land Office of the Humboldt District In March of 1863 he came to this Territory and established himself in business in the firm of Flanders and Felton, in which he has continued to the present time

In the nomination of Mr Flanders the Union party of this Territory have chosen a standard bearer of whom it will not have occasion to be ashamed The Democracy of the Territory will feel him as a power to crush it. We are fully confident that he will load the boats of Unionism on to victory His appearance, his record, his frank and honest expression of opinion, his sterling good sense, everything combine to make him a popular leader With the platform of this Convention, and such a standard bearer, with such supporters in the battle as Garfield, Denny, Donlson, and a host of others, the Union party of this Territory is sure to win the fight OBSERVER

Pacific Degree Lodge No. 1, I. O. G. T.—Holds regular meetings in Good Templars' Hall, corner Alder and Front streets, the First and Third Mondays in the month Degree members in good standing are invited to attend nov26dtf

Russia Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 7 o'clock, in Stark's building, third story opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the order are invited to attend By order of N G

jan 7, 1867, d tf

Ellison Encampment No. 1, I. O. of O.F., Meets on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock P M Patriarchs in good standing are invited to attend By order of C P

no22dtf

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. of O. F.—Meets every Wednesday Evening at 7½ o'clock in Stark's building third story opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the order are invited to attend apl By order of N G

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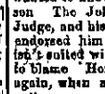
AUGUSTUS TAYLOR,
PROPRIETOR.



The undersigned has recently purchased the well known stand of the late Sherry Ross situated on the

Corner of First and Salmon streets,

Where the very best of HORSES and BUGGIES can be had at all times at reasonable rates.

HORSES BOARDED

On reasonable terms, and the best care and attention bestowed upon them while under his charge Also

Horses Bought and Sold.

Being satisfied that he can give satisfaction the proprietor solicits the patronage of the public

AUGUSTUS TAYLOR,
Late of Jacksonville, Oregon
Portland, March 13, 1867. mh13d3m1pif

In the Field Again!

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NOTE.—Copies of an earlier edition of Lee and his Generals," styled The Southern Generals," have recently been brought to this market from California The public are cautioned to subscribe only for the latest (1867) edition entitled "Lee and his Generals"

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Patents for Inventions.

Business with the United States Patent Office, such as filing Caveats and procuring Letters Patent, will be prosecuted with strict care and attention All business of this character will be strictly confidential

General Land Office.—Patents for Lands,

Will attend to procuring Patents for United States Lands, located by Land Warrants or purchased with cash All business connected with the General Land Office such as collecting money for lands erroneously entered with cash, or return of the Land Warrants erroneously located; the settlement of cases under the Pre-emption Laws, and examining titles, will receive prompt attention.

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Will procure Bounty Land Warrants (160 acres) for each of the surviving Officers, Chaplains, Soldiers, Seamen Marines, Clerks, and Landsmen in the Navy—Wagon Masters and Teamsters, who served in any of the wars in which the United States has been engaged since 1790 to 1852 In case of the death of any of the above, the widow or minor children are entitled.

Bounty and Arrears of Pay.

Will procure Pensions for Officers of the Army and Navy, Soldiers Seamen and Marines, who have been disabled by wounds received, or who contracted a disease while in the service, and if any of the above were killed in battle or have died from said causes, the following are entitled to them in their order viz: Widow Children (under 16 years of age), Father and Mother and Sisters, if dependent upon their deceased son or brother for support, either in whole or in part

The Pension Laws apply to all wars in which the United States has been engaged.

All communications asking advice or information should enclose postage, or whenever of a character requiring it, should be accompanied with a reasonable fee

January 21 1867. dtf A M S

GOVERNMENT PROPOSALS.

CAPE DISAPPOINTMENT, W. T.
April 5th, 1867

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned at his office at Cape Disappointment, W T, until 12 o'clock M, on the 6th of May, 1867, for the supply of FORAGE and STRAW for use at this Post during the year commencing July 1st, 1867, in quantities as follows:

Thirty-seven (37) tons of HAY in bales
Fifty-six thousand (56,000) lbs of OATS in sacks
SIX (6) tons of STRAW in bales

The articles to be of good marketable quality and delivered at the Post in such quantities and at such times as they may be required.

Bids must be in duplicate and accompanied with a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that the contract will be executed should the bid be accepted; they must also state the price per POUND of OATS and per TON of HAY and STRAW and will be received for the whole or any one or more of the articles.

Payment to be made at the end of each month or when funds are on hand for that purpose; in coin or its equivalent in U S legal Tender

Contractors will be required to give good and sufficient sureties for the faithful performance of contract and both contractors and sureties will be required to take the oath of allegiance.

Bids to be marked on the envelope, "Proposals to furnish FORAGE and STRAW," they will be opened on the expiration of the time for receiving them, when Bidders are requested to be present. The right to reject all bids is reserved.

E G HOWELL,
Lieut 2d Artly, A A Q M

GOVERNMENT PROPOSALS.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPARTMENT OF THE COLUMBIA,
PORTLAND, Oregon, April 2, 1867

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the above office up to 12 M on Thursday, the 25th of April, 1867, for the delivery on or about the 20th of May, 1867, at Fort Vancouver Depot, W. T., or at Fort Dalles, Oregon, (at the option of the Quartermaster) of

Fifty Team Mules and Twenty-Five Pack Mules.

Said mules to be fourteen hands high, not under two (2) or over eight (8) years old, strong, sound, compact and well adapted to the service for which they are required, subject to the inspection of a Board detailed for that purpose.

Bids to be in duplicate, state the price in coin for the delivery at each place and give the names of not less than two responsible sureties for the faithful performance of any contract which may be awarded them under this advertisement.

Bids will be received for such kind of mules, or the whole, at the option of the bidder

Bidders required to make a deposit of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS that they will accept any contract awarded to them

Payment to be made by equivalent in Legal Tenders at day of payment

Contracts made subject to the approval of the Department and Division Commanders.

Contractors to pay for this advertisement

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the bids

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved

E B BABBITT,
Asst Qr Mr. Gen'l

PROPOSALS FOR BEEF.

OFFICE OF THE A. C S
FORT STEVENS OREGON
March 19, 1867

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned at this office at Fort Stevens Oregon, until 12 o'clock M of the 30th day of APRIL, 1867, for supplying FRESH BEEF to the troops of this post for one year from the 1st day of July next

The Beef to be of good and marketable quality, and delivered in equal proportions of fore and hind quarters exclusive of necks, shanks, and kidney tallow, in such quantities and on such days as the commanding officer shall designate. Payment for the same to be made in gold coin or its equivalent in U S legal tender notes; payment at the end of each month or as soon thereafter as funds shall be received for that purpose

Each bid must be accompanied with a Bond, with at least two sureties, for the faithful performance of the proposals contained in the bid In case it is accepted, contractors will be required to give good and sufficient sureties for the faithful performance of the contract.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the bids Proposals must be in duplicate on separate sheets of paper. Contracts made subject to the approval of Department and Division Commanders The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids that may be offered

Proposals to be endorsed, "Proposals to furnish Fresh Beef."

JAMES GILLIES,
Captain and A Q M U S A
A C S

mh23dim

ENGINEERS AND OTHERS,

Take Notice.

JUST RECEIVED, A SMALL LOT OF THE CELEbrated SCOTCH TUBES for Water Gauges

Also the Largest Stock ever offered before in this city of all sizes WROUGHT IRON PIPES from ¼ to 4 inch inside diameter; BRASS COCKS T S, ELBOWS, RETURN BENDS, NIPPLES BUSHINGS &c

Constantly on hand, STEAM WHISTLES, STEAM GUAGES, WATER GUAGES GOVERNOR and STOP VALVES, THROTTLE, ANGLE and CHECK VALVES, GUAGE COCKS AIR COCKS, and all kinds of

BRASS WORK,

FOR STEAM, WATER, AND GAS.

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Also, 200 lbs. NEWS INK, in 50 lb. Kegs.

HENRY L PITTOCK,
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Medical.

DR. HENLEY'S

Fountain of Life!

THE

GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER!

IN EVERY PROGRESSIVE SCIENCE PERIODS ARrive when a new direction is imparted to its workings, which proceeds from discovery of new facts shedding a light which changes the whole aspect of the science The present is an epoch of this kind, and this Great Remedy now offered to the public, in connection with the theory on which it is based, is destined to effect an entire revolution in the treatment of the diseases of

SCROFULA AND KING'S EVIL!

by eradicating the disease entirely from the blood The FOUNTAIN OF LIFE is composed entirely of vegetable extracts, it contains no Mercury or other mineral substance

The Proprietor and Discoverer of this Sovereign Remedy CHALLENGES THE WORLD to furnish anything from the days of Æsculapius down to the present time in the arcana of Medical Science, which can vie with or excel the intrinsic properties of this Great Blood Purifier Its value has been tested with the happiest effect in the most obstinate cases of Scrofula, that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians in the world No matter what form the dreadful disease of SCROFULA and KING'S EVIL may have assumed, it can in no way be more safely and certainly arrested in its progress than by HENLEY'S GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER Thousands have been snatched from graves within a few days, and a timely use of the FOUNTAIN OF LIFE might now be enjoying the blessings of life and health It requires an article of real merit and intrinsic value to sustain itself During the storm ordeal of public experiment the FOUNTAIN OF LIFE has stood the test trial and has been found wanting

Dr HENLEY guarantees to CURE any case of SCROFULA or KINGS EVIL in the world, and eradicate the disease entirely from the system, or no charge made the disease entirely from the system, or no charge made—provided they will accept him his pay when they are cured

FOR REFERENCE:

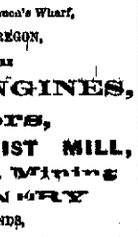
I would refer you to L L Peck, of Portland Oregon, and numbers of others, as to what a miraculous effect it had in a short time, in cases that had baffled the skill of physicians for years.

DR. WM HENLEY,
Portland, Oregon

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.

NEW REMEDIES, NEW REMEDIES

Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,



616 KEARNEY STREET,
NEAR COMMERCIAL,
San Francisco Established in 1854,
for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc Skin Diseases (of every description) and Ulcerated Legs successfully treated

Horrible Diseases.

How many thousands of persons, both male and female, are there who are suffering out a miserable existence from the effects of secret indulgences, or from virus absorbed into the system! Look at their pallid, emaciated and disfigured faces and their broken-down constitutions, disqualifying them for the happiness of marriage or the enjoyment of life In this horrid situation thousands suffer until death closes the scene Let parents, guardians, friends attend to those who are suffering with any of those horrible life-destroying maladies—see that they are cared for and cured before it be too late Send them immediately to Doctor Gibbon, a physician who has made private diseases his especial study for years, and who is certain to cure the most inveterate cases without mercury or any injurious drugs It is important to those who are afflicted, or to those who are interested in the welfare of their friends, to be careful of the many pretended doctors who infest all cities, publishing their skill in curing all diseases in a few days, imposing upon the public by using the names of eminent physicians from Europe and other places Be therefore careful and make strict inquiry, or you may fall into the hands of those charlatans

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions, the consequence of self abuse This solitary vice, or depraved sexual indulgence, is practised by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing, with unerring certainty, the following train of woeful symptoms, unless combatted by scientific medical measures, viz Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots, uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunted intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, a disposition to shun society, loss of memory, hectic flushes, pimples and various eruptions about the face, furred tongue, fetid breath, coughs, consumption, night sweats monomania and frequent insanity. If relief be not obtained, should supply immediately, either in person or by letter, and have a cure effected by his new and recantitle mode of treating this disease, which never fails of effecting a quick and radical cure Dr. G will give One Hundred Dollars to any person who will prove satisfactorily to him that he was cured of this complaint by either of the San Francisco quacks

DOCTOR GIBBON is responsible, and will give to each patient a written instrument, binding himself to effect a radical and permanent cure or make no charge

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME, by addressing a letter to Doctor Gibbon, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicines promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions for use, for Ten Dollars, sent in registered letter or through Wells Fargo & Co

Address DR. J. F GIBBON, 616 Kearney street, corner Commercial, San Francisco Post Office Box 252.

Consultations FREE.

Prevention Better than Cure.

The newly invented Patent French Safe, a sure Preventive against Diseases and Pregnancy, sent by mail Price $2 Address DR J F GIBBON, 616 Kearney St., cor Commercial, San Francisco Postoffice Box 252.

Correspondents will please inform DR GIBBON that they read his advertisement in the *Daily Oregonian* (or *Weekly Oregonian*, as the case may be)

jan16d3m1pf

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS CO.

Corner of North Front and B Sts.,

One Block North of Coman's Wharf,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

MANUFACTURE

STEAM ENGINES,

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OF ALL KINDS,

Castings for Agricultural Machinery,

WROUGHT IRON SHUTTER WORK,

For Fire-Proof Buildings, at

SAN FRANCISCO COST AND FREIGHT.

Blacksmithing and Repairing.

PATTERNS MADE TO ORDER BY PETER TAYLOR.

All orders for Work will be Executed Promptly,

JOHN NATION,
September 3, 1860 dtf Superintendent

PORTLAND

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING

ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 110 First Street.

ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM the East—

Cooking Ranges,
Hot Water Boilers,
Copper Tin and Planished Bath Tubs;
Square and angular Black Walnut Counter-Sunk
Marble Wash Stands;
Gold, and Hot and Cold WATER SHOWERS,
SILVER-PLATED BASIN COCKS;
MARBLE WASH-BASINS
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS;
HYDRAULIC RAMS,
NON FREEZING HYDRANTS,
WATER CLOSETS &c, &c

Persons wishing to introduce Cold, or Hot and Cold Water into their premises either Plain or Ornamental, would do well to give me a call

Portland April 3d, 1866 C. H. MYERS.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER,
FORT STEVENS, Or., March 12, 1867

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE will be received at this office until 12 o clock M on Saturday April 27th 1867, for the supply of Forage and Straw at this Post for the year commencing July 1st, 1867 in quantity as follows

Forty-six (46) tons of HAY in Bales
Sixty two (62) tons of STRAW in Bales
Two hundred (200,000) pounds of OATS in sacks

The hay of the best merchantable quality delivered on the wharf at Fort Stevens, Oregon, at such time and in such quantity as the Assistant Quartermaster shall designate

Bids must state the price per pound in coin for Oats and per ton for Hay and Straw, and will be received for the whole or for each article

Each bid must be accompanied by the signatures of at least two (2) sufficient sureties, for the faithful performance of the contract and to be endorsed on the envelope "Proposals to furnish Forage Payment will be made by equivalent in Legal Tenders *at day of payment* Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of Bids and prop sals must be in duplicate on separate sheets of paper Contracts made subject to the approval of the Department and Division Commanders

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all Bids that may be offered

JAMES GILLIES
Capt and Asst Quartermaster
U S Army

mh25 1in 26

Portland Macadamized Road Co

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of said Company at the WHITE HOUSE on Saturday the 20th day of April, at 2 o'clock, P M, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be presented

By order of the Board of Directors

W B CALDWELL, Secretary

Portland, April 10, 1867. dtd

Hotels and Restaurants.

Western Hotel,

PORTLAND, OREGON,
Corner of Morrison and First streets.

The best and most comfortable Hotel in the State, where every want is anticipated and cheerfully supplied

WARM AND COLD BATHS ATTACHED TO THE HOUSE

This Hotel is located near the